

French

# **Saying What You Do and Did on Holiday [2/4]**

## **- The Perfect Tense**

Mademoiselle Franklin





[ é ]



[-er]  
[-et]





[ é / er / et ]

bébé



aller



et





[ SFC ]

danX



Shhhhh!





[ SFC ]

**c r f l**

Be **c a r e f u l** with these!



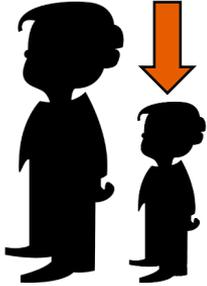


# [ SFC ]

petit



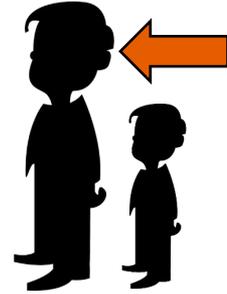
Shhhhh!



grand



Shhhhh!



mot



Shhhhh!





l'année dernière	last year
l'été dernier	last summer
il y a X ans / mois	X years/months ago
souvent	often
visiter les monuments	to visit the monuments
acheter des souvenirs	to buy souvenirs
jouer au beach-volley	to play beach volleyball
manger des escargots	to eat snails
prendre des photos	to take photos
rendre visite à ma famille	to visit my family
faire de la voile	to do sailing
boire un Orangina	to drink an Orangina





# The perfect tense:



1. An action which has been completed in the past
2. It has two meanings in English: 'I visited' and 'I have visited'
3. We must include the auxiliary verb 'have' in between the pronoun and past participle

J'	ai	visité (visited - a place)
(I)	(have)	acheté (bought)
		joué (played)
		mangé (ate/eaten)
On	a	rendu visite à (visited - a person)
(We)	(have)	fait (did)
		bu (drank)
		pris (took)



# Irregular Past Participles



There are a number of irregular verbs with irregular past participles. We have to learn these off by heart!

<b>Infinitive</b>	<b>Meaning</b>	<b>Past Participle</b>
faire	To do	fait
boire	To drink	bu
prendre	To take	pris
voir	To see	vu





## Saying what you do and did on holiday

1. In French, the past tense has 3 parts
2. We must not forget to include the word 'have'
3. To form a past participle with ER verbs, we remove the ER and add é **pronou**
4. 'J'ai visité' has two meanings = I visited + I have visited
5. 'On a visité' has two meanings = We visited + we have visited
6. The irregular past participle of 'faire' = fait

