Combined Science - Chemistry - Key Stage 4 Atomic Structure & the Periodic Table

# Development of the atomic model

**Dr Patel** 



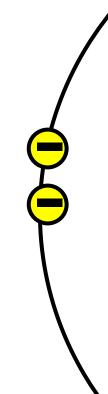
## **Periodic Table of Elements**

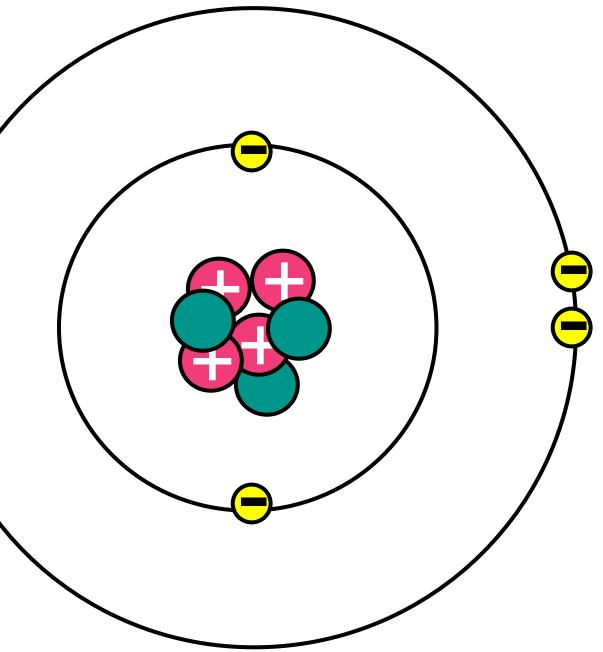
				Key:		_											
1 H hydrogen 1		relative atomic mass H  Atomic symbol Name  hydrogen 1  Atomic (proton number)															4 He helium 2
7 Li lithium 3	9 Be beryllium 4					-						11 B boron 5	12 C carbon 6	14 N nitrogen 7	16 O oxygen 8	19 F fluorine 9	20 Ne neon 10
23 Na sodium 11	24 Mg magnesium 12											27 Al aluminium 13	28 Si silicon 14	31 P phosphorus 15	32 S sulfur 16	35.5 Cl chlorine 17	40 Ar argon 18
39	40	45	48	51	52	55	56	59	59	63.5	65	70	73	75	79	80	84
K	Ca	Sc	titanium	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
potassium <b>19</b>	calcium <b>20</b>	scandium <b>21</b>	22	vanadium <b>23</b>	24	manganese <b>25</b>	iron <b>26</b>	cobalt 27	nickel 28	copper 29	zinc 30	gallium <b>31</b>	germanium <b>32</b>	arsenic 33	selenium <b>34</b>	bromine 35	krypton <b>36</b>
85	88	89	91	93	96	[97]	101	103	106	108	112	115	119	122	128	127	131
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Тс	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Те		Хе
rubidium <b>37</b>	strontium <b>38</b>	yttrium 39	zirconium <b>40</b>	niobium <b>41</b>	molybdenum 42	technetium <b>43</b>	ruthenium <b>44</b>	rhodium <b>45</b>	palladium <b>46</b>	silver 47	cadmium <b>48</b>	indium <b>49</b>	tin 50	antimony <b>51</b>	tellurium <b>52</b>	iodine 53	xenon 54
133	137	139	178	181	184	186	190	192	195	197	201	204	207	209	[209]	[210]	[222]
Cs	Ba	La*	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	TI	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
caesium	barium	lanthanum	hafnium	tantalum	tungsten	rhenium	osmium	iridium	platinum	gold	mercury	thallium	lead	bismuth	polonium	astatine	radon
55	56	57	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
[223]	[226]	[227]	[267]	[270]	[269]	[270]	[270]	[278]	[281]	[281]	[285]	[286]	[289]	[289]	[293]	[293]	[294]
Fr	Ra	Ac*	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Cn	Nh	FI	Mc	Lv	Ts	Og
francium	radium	actinium	rutherfordium	dubnium	seaborgium	bohrium	hassium	meitnerium	darmstadtium	roentgenium	copemicium	nihonium	flerovium	moscovium	livermorium	tennessine	organesson
87	88	89	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	87	112	113	114	115	116	117	118



## Warm up

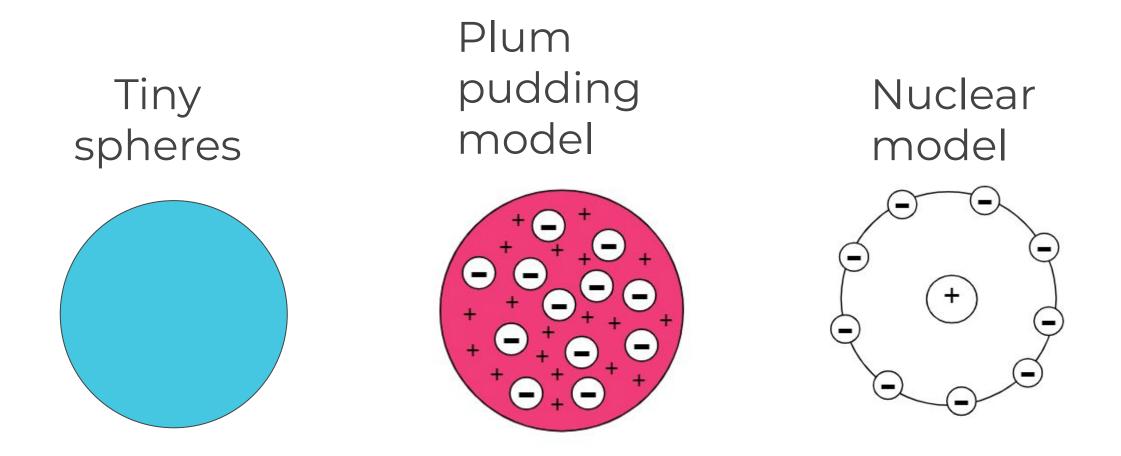
- 1. Name the three subatomic particles shown in the diagram.
- 2. What is the charge of an electron?
- 3. What is the charge of a proton?

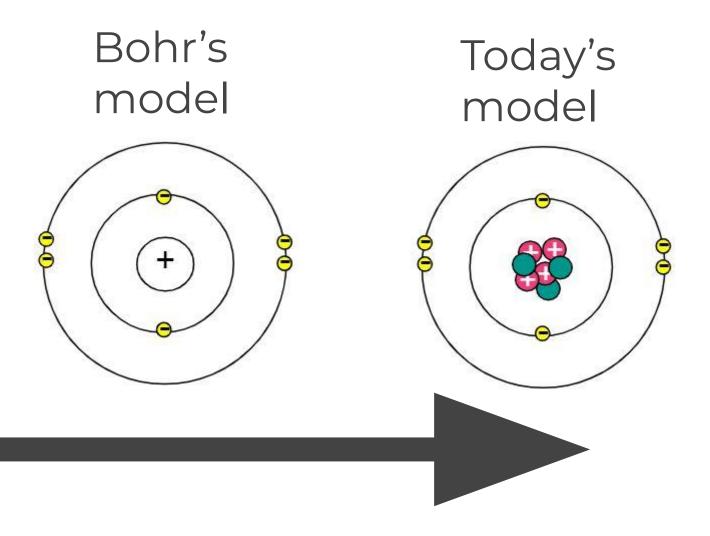




Source of image: Dr Patel



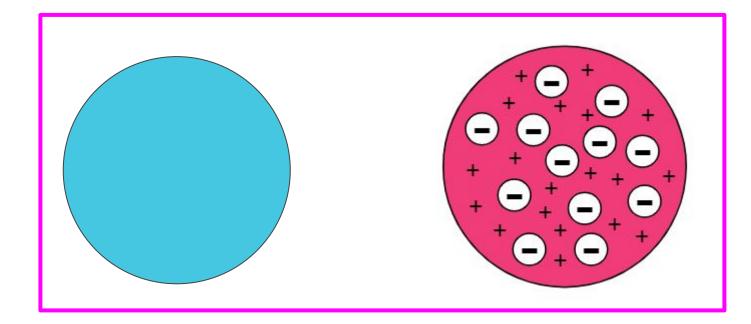




### Source of images: Dr Patel



## Pause point



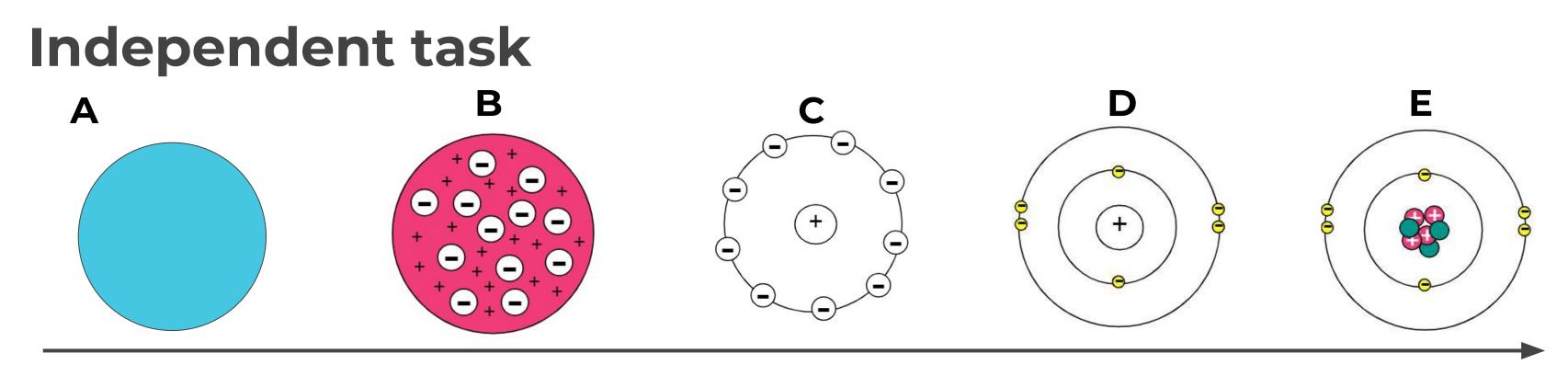
2. Which scientists developed each model?

3. What is similar about these two models?

4. What is different about these two models?

### 1. What is the name of each of these two models?

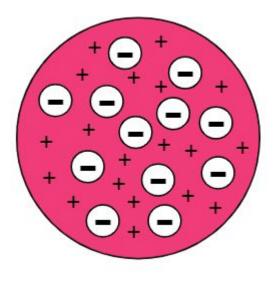


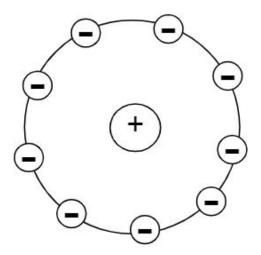


- 1. Name models C and D
- 2. Which scientists models C and D?
- 3. What is similar about models C and D?
- 4. What is different between models C and D?
- 5. Which subatomic particle was discovered last, and who discovered it? Clue: This particle is only present model E.



## **Exam style question**





**Compare** the plum pudding model, and the nuclear models.

### Support:

In the plum pudding model, the .....are arranged....whereas in the nuclear model, the....

### Key words:

Nucleus, positive charge, electron, negative, fixed, random (or randomly)

Source of images: Dr Patel

