

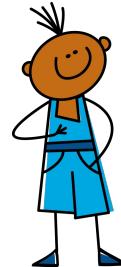
Talking about hobbies [2/ 2]

- Using the imperfect tense for 3rd person singular and plural
- When to use the imperfect to say ‘used to’ vs ‘was doing’

Madame Clare



[e]



je

[é]



écrire

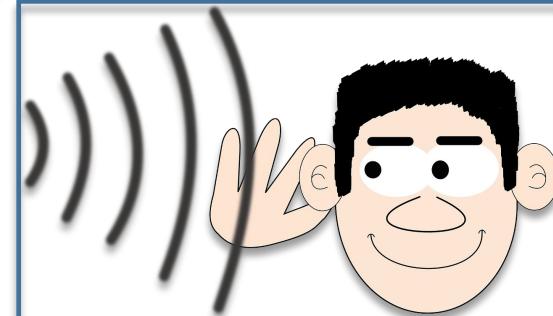


[é]



préférer

[é]



écouter





[ai]

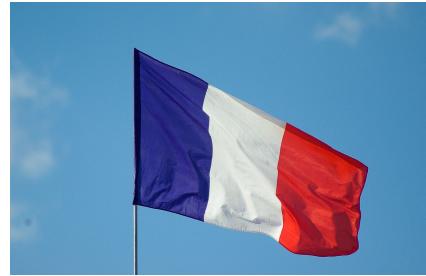


vrai





français



[ai]

mauvais



fais



souvent	often
soudainement	suddenly
quand	when
lorsque	while
auparavant	before / in the past
autrefois	in times gone by
hier	yesterday
la semaine dernière	last week
l'année dernière	last year
il y a ans years ago



Forming the imperfect tense



je



il/elle



ils/elles

jou

ais

mange

ait

finiss

fais

aient

av

Je mange**ais**

Il fais**ait**

Elle av**ait**

Ils jou**aient**

Elles finiss**aient**





Forming the imperfect tense

Subject	Imperfect Stem	Ending	Meaning
Je (I)	mange	ais used to eat
	choisis	 used to choose
Il / Elle / On (He/She/You)	fais	ait used to do
	écriv	 used to write
Ils / Elles (They)	mett	aient used to put
	pren	 used to take

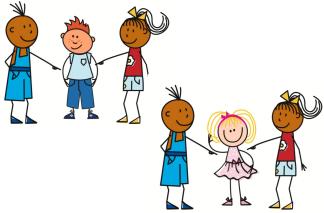


Forming the imperfect tense with **être**



je

ais



il/elle

ét

ait



ils/elles

aient

J'étais

Il était

Ils étaient

c'était

The verb **être** is the only **irregular verb** in the imperfect tense.
The stem is **ét**



Talking about hobbies past and present

1) The imperfect tense is a _____ tense.	past
2) To find the imperfect stem we have to use the _____ form of the present tense.	nous
3) The ending for il/elle/on for all verbs in the imperfect tense is:	-ait
4) The ending for ils/elles for all verbs in the imperfect tense is:	-aient
5) The imperfect tense is used to tell us what we: 1) _____ 2) _____	1) used to do 2) was /were doing

