## The gravitational potential energy store - worksheet

Dr Fishwick

## Q1.

A rock climber of mass 90 kg is climbing a boulder.
Calculate the change in gravitational potential energy of the climber when he moves 25 m vertically downwards
gravitational field strength $=10 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$
Show clearly how you work out your answer

## Q2.

A crane raises a concrete block vertically from 10 m to 45 m .

The mass of the concrete block is 800 kg.

Calculate the change in gravitational potential energy for the rollercoaster. State the unit

Gravitational field strength $=9.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$.
(4)


Answers

## Q1.

GPE $=$ mass $\times$ gravitational field strength height
GPE $=90 \times 10 \times 25 \quad 1$
22500 (J) 1

## Q2.

height change $=45-10=35$ 1
GPE $=$ mass $\times$ gravitational field strength $\times$ height change
$G P E=800 \times 9.8 \times 35$
$=205800 \quad 1$
Unit $=$ J or Joules. kJ can be accepted if the answer given is 205.8 kJ

## In lesson questions

The following slides were the questions used throughout the lesson.

## Independent practice

1. Define gravitational potential energy store.
a. The $\qquad$ stored due to the $\qquad$ of an object in a $\qquad$ field
2. What does $g$ measure?
a. keywords: Strength, gravitational
3. What will happen to GPE if you double the height of an object?
4. How can a 5 kg object at 10 m above the surface of the Earth have the same GPE value as a 5 kg object held above the surface of the Moon?

## Review

1. Define gravitational potential energy store. The energy stored due to the position of an object in a gravitational field
2. What does $g$ measure? The gravitational field strength
3. What will happen to GPE if you double the height of an object? The energy stored in the GPE store will doubled.
4. How can a 5 kg object at 10 m above the surface of the Earth have the same GPE value as a 5 kg object held above the surface of the Moon? It needs to be held higher as the Moon has a weaker gravitational field strength

## Independent practice

For all of these questions, assume $\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$, unless stated.

1. Find the gravitational potential energy stored when an apple of mass 0.23 kg, 65 m above the Earth's surface.
2. A cable car of mass 4500 kg is suspended 1200 m above the Earth's surface. Find the gravitational potential energy stored.
3. Challenge: An astronaut lifts a golf ball 2.6 m above the Moon's surface. If the golf ball's mass is 200 g , find the gravitational potential energy stored. Assume $\mathrm{g}=1.63 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$.
4. Challenge: An aeroplane flies over Britain at a height of 6.8 km . If its mass is 3500 kg , find the gravitational potential energy stored in kJ.

## Review

For all of these questions, assume $\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$, unless stated.

1. Find the gravitational potential energy stored when an apple of mass 0.23 kg, 65 m above the Earth's surface. 150 J (146.51)
2. A cable car of mass 4500 kg is suspended 1200 m above the Earth's surface. Find the gravitational potential energy stored. $\mathbf{5 2 9 2 0 0 0 0 ~ J o r ~} 5.3 \times 10^{7} \mathbf{~ J}$
3. Challenge: An astronaut lifts a golf ball 2.6 m above the Moon's surface. If the golf ball's mass is 200 g , find the gravitational potential energy stored. Assume g = $1.63 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg} . \mathbf{0 . 8 5} \mathrm{J}$
4. Challenge: An aeroplane flies over Britain at a height of 6.8 km . If its mass is 3500 kg, find the gravitational potential energy stored in kJ. 233 kJ (233240 kJ)

## Independent practise

1. A helicopter hovers 580 m above a field and 96000000 J of gravitational potential energy is stored. Assuming g $=9.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$, find the helicopter's mass.
2. What is the mass of a satellite 250000 m above the Moon's surface if 1250000 J of gravitational potential energy is stored?

Assume g on the Moon $=1.63 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$.
3. A parcel is suspended 120 m above the Earth's surface. Assuming $\mathrm{g}=9.8$ $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{kg}$, what is the mass of the buzzard if the gravitational potential energy stored is 5400 J ?

## Independent practice

1. Challenge A probe is travelling above the surface of Mars at a height of 390 km. Assuming $g$ on Mars is $3.71 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$, find the mass of the probe if its gravitational potential energy store is 28 MJ .

## Review

1. A helicopter hovers 580 m above a field and 96000000 J of gravitational potential energy is stored. Assuming g $=9.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$, find the helicopter's mass. 17000 kg ( 16889 kg)
2. What is the mass of a satellite 250000 m above the Moon's surface if

1250000 J of gravitational potential energy is stored? Assume g on the Moon $=$ 1.63 N/kg. 3.1 kg ( 3.06 kg )
3. A parcel is suspended 120 m above the Earth's surface. Assuming $\mathrm{g}=9.8$ $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{kg}$, what is the mass of the buzzard if the gravitational potential energy stored is 5400 J ? $4.6 \mathbf{~ k g ~ ( ~} 4.59 \mathrm{~kg}$ )

## Review

1. Challenge A probe is travelling above the surface of Mars at a height of 390 km. Assuming $g$ on Mars is $3.71 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$, find the mass of the probe if its gravitational potential energy store is $28 \mathrm{MJ} .20 \mathbf{~ k g ~ ( 1 9 . 4 ~ k g ) ~}$

## Independent practice

1. A helicopter with a mass of 10500 kg has a gravitational potential energy store of 48 900J. Find its height above the Earth's surface. Assume $9=9.8$ $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{kg}$.
2. What height must we raise a 65 kg astronaut above the surface of the Moon in order to cause 25000 J of gravitational potential energy to be stored? Assume g on the Moon is $1.63 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$.
3. Challenge: Find the height of a sparrow, with a mass of 240 g , above the Earth's surface if the gravitational potential energy stored is 4.4 kJ . Assume $\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$.

## Independent practice

1. Challenge: An arrow with a mass of 500 g is fired straight up in the air and has a maximum store of 0.2 kJ . What height does it reach? Assume $\mathrm{g}=9.8$ $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{kg}$.

## Review

1. A helicopter with a mass of 10500 kg has a gravitational potential energy store of 48 900J. Find its height above the Earth's surface. Assume $9=9.8$ N/kg. 0.5 m ( 0.48 m )
2. What height must we raise a 65 kg astronaut above the surface of the Moon in order to cause 25000 J of gravitational potential energy to be stored? Assume g on the Moon is $1.63 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg}$. 240 m ( 236 m )
3. Challenge: Find the height of a sparrow, with a mass of 240 g , above the Earth's surface if the gravitational potential energy stored is 4.4 kJ . Assume $\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{kg} .1900 \mathrm{~m}$ ( $\mathbf{1 8 7 0 \mathrm { m } \text { ) } ) ~}$

## Review

1. Challenge: An arrow with a mass of 500 g is fired straight up in the air and has a maximum store of 0.2 kJ . What height does it reach? Assume $\mathrm{g}=9.8$ $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{kg} .41 \mathrm{~m}$ (40. 8 m )
