French

Assessment

Year 7 French
Term 3 Achievement Test



Achievement Test - Year 7 Term 3 French

Your name:	_Your class / name of teacher:
------------	--------------------------------

This test checks your knowledge of phonics, vocabulary, and grammar.

The test is in four sections:

Section A: Listening (20 minutes)

Section B: Reading (15 minutes)

Section C: Writing (15 minutes)

Section D: Speaking (10 minutes)

This makes a total of **60 minutes** to complete the entire test.

Remember – always just have a go! If you know some words, just write or say them!

Just do what you can!



SECTION A: Listening

Phonics

This part of the test will take around 4 minutes.

You will hear the 15 French words listed on the next slide.

Complete the spelling of each word by filling in the missing letters. **Each dash (_)** represents one missing letter.

For some of the words you hear, there may be more than one way of spelling them.

Just type in any one possible spelling for each word.

The aim is to see how you write the sounds that you hear. You won't know these words because they are very rare. Don't worry – just do your best!

You will hear each word **twice**.



- 1. __ ine
- 2. t__d
- 3. br_me
- 4. cr__
- 5. se _ _
- 6. ram _
- 7. cro__e
- 8. r_mous

- 9. g_ne
- 10. M__se
- 11. ch__le
- 12. p_se
- 13. al _ _
- 14. tr_t
- 15. p__



SECTION A: Listening

Vocabulary

This part of the test will take around 9 minutes.

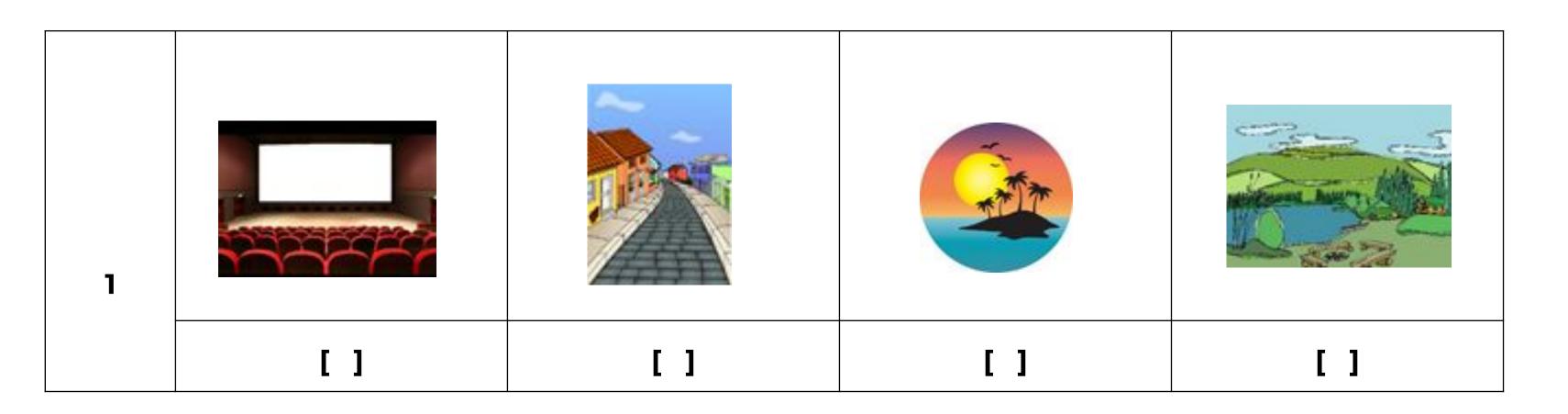
PART A - MEANING

You will hear 10 French words.

Put a tick under the picture or English word that best matches what you hear.

You will hear each French word twice.





2	to go out	to create	to play	to study



3				
	[]	[]	[]	
4	of	with	for	under



5				
6	8	3	6	4



7	English	England	French	London
	[]	[]	[]	[]
8	truth	politics	mistake	word
	[]			



9				
	[]	[]	[]	[]
10	to live	to knock	to close	to listen



PART B - CATEGORIES

Here are ten English categories. You will hear the categories read out to you. Then, you will **hear** four words in French.

Put a tick under the word (A, B, C or D) which is a good example of the category. You will hear each set of French words **twice.**

•



Which French word is a good example of ...

		A	В	C	D
1	clothes				
2	a family member				
3	a city				
4	a language				
5	a colour				
6	a hobby				
7	a building				
8	a question word				
9	a period of time				
10	a number				

Grammar

This part of the test will take around 3 ½ minutes.

PART A

You will hear three French sentences. Decide what each sentence means in English.

Tick the box next to your answer. You will hear each sentence **twice**.

1	☐ I am going out.	☐ I am not going out.
2	☐ He is listening.	\square He is not listening.
3	□ We speak	□ We do not speak



PART B

You will hear four sentences in French.

Decide whether each sentence is a STATEMENT or a QUESTION.

Tick the box next to your answer. You will hear each sentence **twice**.

□ STATEMENT □ QUESTION

3 ☐ STATEMENT ☐ QUESTION

4 □ STATEMENT □ QUESTION



SECTION B: Reading

Vocabulary

This part of the test will take around 5 minutes.

PART A - SYNONYMS

On the following slides, **tick the box** next to the word with **the most similar** meaning to the word in bold.



1) C'est un grand bâtiment.	a) nouveau	
C'est un bâtiment.	b) beau	
	c) haut	
	d) vieux	
2) Il y a un collège ici.	a) une école	
Il y a ici.	b) une salle	
	c) un magasin	
	d) une maison	
3) Il sait faire le modèle.	a) dire	
Il sait le modèle.	b) cocher	
	c) sortir	
	d) créer	



4) Elle lit un livre drôle .	a) moderne	
Elle lit un livre	b) amusant	
	c) intéressant	
	d) important	
5) Marion demande la réponse .	a) la ville	
Marion demande	b) le samedi	
	c) la solution	
	d) la plage	



PART B – OPPOSITES

On the following slides, **tick the box** next to the word with the **opposite** meaning to the word in bold.

I) J'ai un chien méchant .	a) sage	
J'ai un chien	b) grand	
	c) vert	
	d) malade	
2) Il joue avec la fille .	a) l'équipe	
Il joue avec	b) l'acteur	
	c) le professeur	
	d) le garçon	



3) Souvent , elle fait la cuisine. , elle fait la cuisine.	a) rarement	
	b) ici	
•	c) normalement	
	d) bien	
4) Le café est devant le parc.	a) sous	
Le café est le parc.	b) sur	
	c) derrière	
	d) dans	
5) Ouvrir la fenêtre est facile.	a) écrire	
la fenêtre est facile.	b) travailler	
	c) gagner	
	d) fermer	



PART C – ASSOCIATIONS

On the following slides, **tick the box** next to the word which **best goes together** with the word in bold.

1) la caisse	a) le magasin	
	b) jaune	
	c) regarder	
	d) parfois	
2) passer	a) facile	
	b) si	
	c) une semaine	
	d) lire	



3) malade	a) chanter	
	b) méchant	
•	c) entre	
	d) le médecin	
4) le déjeuner	a) mais	
	b) manger	
	c) la poste	
	d) faux	
5) ici	a) penser	
	b) bon	
	c) où	
	d) l'année	



6) fermer	a) deux	
	b) la porte	
	c) cher	
	d) habiter	
7) la langue	a) parler	
	b) vous	
	c) le bateau	
	d) chaque	
8) dix	a) le jour	
	b) nouvelle	
	c) marcher	
	d) combien	



9) le livre	a) haut	
	b) bonjour	
	c) lire	
	d) le pont	
10) jeune	a) l'enfant	
	b) vrai	
	c) qui	
	d) faire	



Grammar

This part of the test will take around 10 minutes.

PART A

Read the sentences. The subject is missing.

Tick the box next to the person or people the sentence is about.

	I or he/she	
1	you (singular)	
	we	pensons que c'est bien.
	they	
	you (singular)	
2	we	
	you (plural)	portes l'uniforme.
	they	



	I or he/she		
_	we		átudios fueses esia
3	you (plural)		étudient le français.
	they		
		T	
	I or he/she		
	you (singular)		
4	you (plural)		donnez un cadeau à Léa.
	they		
		T	
	you (singular)		
5	he/she		
	we		as une question.
	they		



	he/she		^-
6	we		êtes contents.
	you (plural)		
	T	T	
	you (singular)		
7	we		
	you (plural)		allons au parc.
	they		
	T	T	
8	l		
	he/she		
	you (plural)		vais à la caisse.
	they		



	he/she	
	we	
9	you (plural)	font le ménage.
	they	
,		
	I or you (singular)	
10	he/she	comprends la question.
	I or you (singular)	_ •==
11	he/she	sort en ville.
	I or you (singular)	
12	he/she	sais faire les devoirs.



PART B

Tick the box by the noun that completes the sentence.

1. Ils vont au	□ magasin (m.)	□ caisse (f.)	□ hôtels (m.)
2. Elle va aux	□ collège (m.)	□ maison (f.)	🗆 aéroports (m.)
3. Nous allons en	☐ Paris	☐ France	□ caisse (f.)



PART C

Write the words in each box in the correct order.

	amusantes	Correct order:
1.	des	
	choses	
	Ipetite	Correct order:
2.	une	
	maison	
	bonne	Correct order:
3.	une	
	question	
	chère	Correct order:
4.	la	
	voiture	



PART D

Choose *il y a*, *a*, or *est* to complete the sentence.

Tick the box by your answer.

1. Sur le bureau, ____ des livres.

- □ilya □a

□ est

2. Le collège ____ moderne.

- □ilya

□ est



PART E

Tick the box by the correct start of each sentence.

	Elle		iouer au tappie
	Elle sait		jouer au tennis.
	Tu		átudios l'anglais
2	Tu sais		étudies l'anglais.
3	Је		lire.
3	Je sais		iire.
Je Je ne	Je		travaille à l'école.
	Je ne		travallie a recole.
_ Tu	restes pas à la maison.		
5	Tu ne		restes pas a la maison.
	Nous avons		
6	Nous n'avons pas		de portable.
Il mange	un fruit.		
7	Il ne mange pas	un truit.	un mult.

SECTION C: Writing

Vocabulary

This part of the test will take around 5 minutes.

Translate the **English words in brackets** on the following slides to complete the **French** sentence.



1) C'est sur (the desk)	(write two words)
2) J'aime en silence. (to work, working)	(write one word)
3) Elle fait (a mistake)	(write two words)
4) Aimes-tu? (the colour)	(write two words)
5) L'exercice est (easy)	(write one word)
6) Nous faisons (the food shopping)	(write two words)
7) fais-tu ça ? (how)	(write one word)
8) Ils aiment dehors. (to walk, walking)	(write one word)
9) est petit. (the country)	(write two words)
10) Il y a cafés. (nine)	(write one word)



11) Je montre	à Christophe. (the beach)	(write two words)
12) Il a un cadeau	_ Salhia. (for)	(write one word)
13) Vous aimez a	u parc. (to play, playing)	(write one word)
14) Il y a trains. (e	eleven)	(write one word)
15) II sait la phras	se. (to say, saying)	(write one word)
16) Le vélo est (f a	ast)	(write one word)
17) arrives-tu ? (v	vhen)	(write one word)
18) J'aime l'acteur	(also)	(write one word)
19) Elle passe	ici. (the holidays)	(write two words)
20) Nous écoutons	(a man)	(write two words)



Grammar

This part of the test will take around 10 minutes.

PART A

Change the order of the words to turn each statement into a question.

1.	Tu joues dans la rue.	Question:	_?
2.	Il fait les magasins.	Question:	_?



PART B

Write the French for the English given in brackets. Use the clues to help you.

		Clues
1. IIs	un uniforme. (are wearing)	to wear = porter
2. Nous	la photo à Marie. (show)	to show = montrer
3. Elle	_ une solution chaque jour. (finds)	to find = trouver
4. Vous	en ville. (are going)	to go = aller
5. Elle	à la maison. (is coming)	to come = venir
6. Ils	une idée. (have)	to have = avoir



PART C

Write the French for the English given in brackets. Use the clues to help you.

1. Je _____ la voiture. (am not taking)

2. Tu _____ chanter. (do not know how to) **to know how to** = savoir

3. Nous _____ jeunes. (are not)

Clues

to take = prendre

to be = *être*

PART D

Write the **French** for the English given in brackets.

- 1. Nous allons _____ hôtel. (to the)
- 2. Tu vas _____ collège. (to the)
- 3. Elles vont _____ Ecosse. (to)



SECTION D: Speaking

You will need to **record** your speaking. Your teacher may have given you instructions already. If not, use the instructions below:

Before you start this section of the test, please go to this website: **vocaroo.com**. It will open in a new tab. Click the **red record button**, then come back to this test.



Phonics

This part of the test will take around 2 minutes.

That's 6 seconds per word – you have time to think about each one carefully.

Read this list of French words aloud. You won't know the words – they are rare. Just say them as you think they should sound.

You will get marks for pronouncing the **bold**, **underlined** parts of each word correctly.

If you're not sure, don't worry – just have a go and do your best.



1. m<u>**en**</u>t

9. **j**onc

2. z<u>ou</u>

10. gla**ç**on

3. n<u>ain</u>

11. bru<u>tion</u>

4. jar<u>**d**</u>

12. pou<u>**x**</u>

5. v**ê**te

13. pr<u>a</u>se

6. corn<u>u</u>

14. sal<u>ien</u>

7. d<u>**é**</u>

15. gi<u>s</u>

8. vi<u>**t**</u>



Vocabulary

This part of the test will take around 2 minutes.

Say the **French** for the words on the next two slides. **Remember** to say the word for 'the' if needed!



1. to look like, resemble (one French word)

2. to win, winning (one French word)

3. new (m) (one French word, to describe a masculine noun)

4. today (one French word)

5. beautiful (f) (one French word, to describe a feminine noun)

6. the bedroom (two French words, include the word for 'the')

7. the world (two French words, include the word for 'the')

8. to give, giving (one French word)

9. to arrive, arriving (one French word)

10. the trip, the journey (two French words, include the word for 'the')



11. the clothes (two French words, include the word for 'the')

12. seven (one French word)

13. which (m) (one French word, for a masculine noun)

14. the word (two French words, include the word for 'the')

15. the building (two French words, include the word for 'the')

16. the number (two French words, include the word for 'the')

17. to tick, ticking (one French word)

18. naughty (m) (one French word, to describe a masculine noun)

19. if (one French word)

20. the week (two French words, include the word for 'the')

Grammar

This part of the test will take around 6 minutes.

PART A

Say the French for the English in brackets.

The **gaps** tell you how many French words you will need. The clue tells you which **verb** to use.

- 1. (Are you (singular) staying) _____ à la maison ? **clue:** to stay = rester
- 2. (Does she like) _____ l'uniforme ? **clue:** to like = aimer
- 3. (We ask for) _____ Ia raison. **clue:** to ask = *demander*
- 4. (They (f) are preparing) _____ le déjeuner. **clue:** to prepare = préparer
- 5. (Is she learning) _____ le français? **clue:** to learn = *apprendre*



PART B

Say the French for the English in brackets. The clue tells you which **verb** to use.

- 1. (they (m) are not going / do not go) ______ au parc. clue: to go = aller

 2. (you (singular) are not coming / do not come) _____ au collège. clue: to come = venir
- 3. (I do not understand) ______ l'activité. clue: to understand = comprendre



PART C

Say the French for the English in brackets. The clue tells you the **noun** and **adjective** to use.

1. Nous avons _____ ___. (the small bicycles) **clue:** bicycle = vélo (m); small = petit

2. Vous avez _____ ... (the blue ruler) **clue:** ruler = *règle (f)*; blue = *bleu*

3. Tu es ______. (a nice friend (f)) **clue:** nice = *sympathique*; friend (f) = *amie* (f)



Now go back to the Vocaroo window.
Click on the red button . Click on "Save & Share" .
Copy & paste / write the URL for your Vocaroo recording here:

END OF ASSESSMENT

