GCSE Chemistry - Chemistry - Key Stage 4

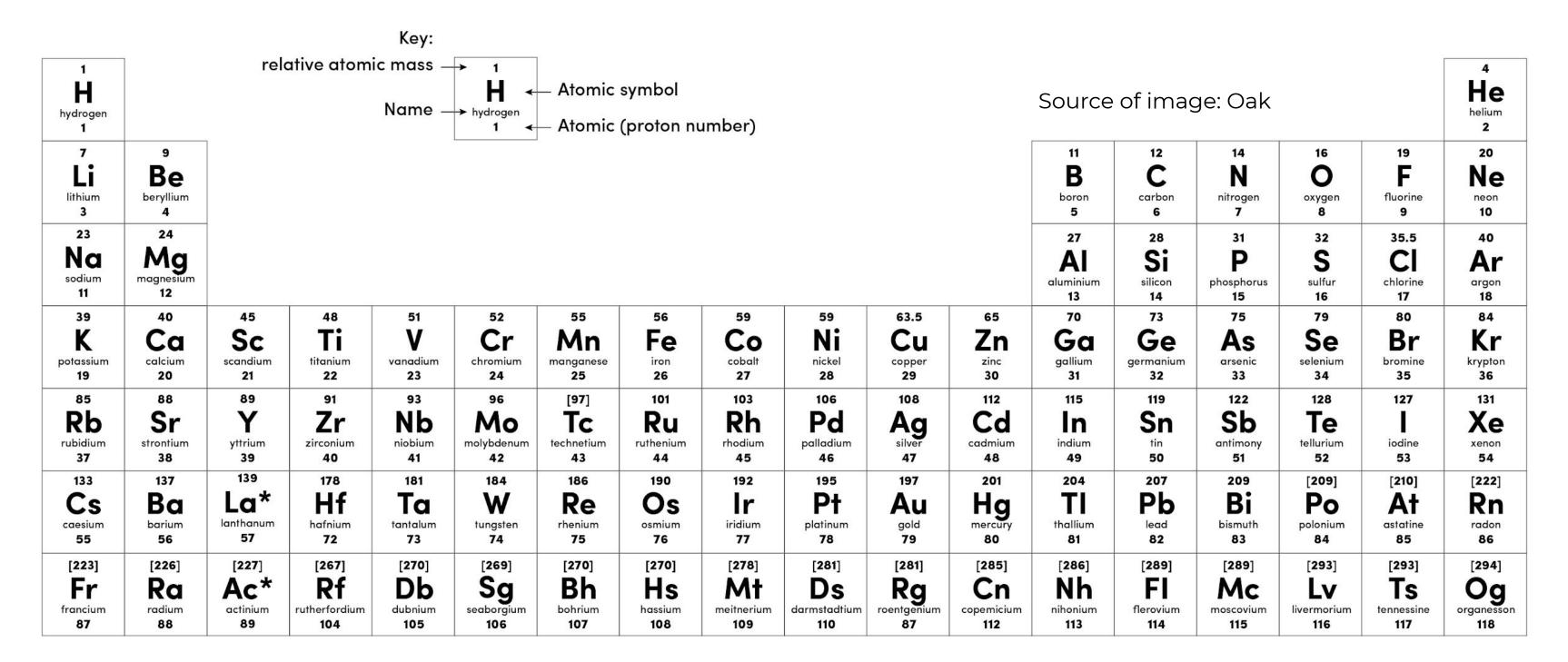
Organic chemistry

Review 3

Dr Patel



Periodic Table of Elements





Alkanes and alkenes

- Hydrocarbon contains carbon and hydrogen only
- 'Meth' (1 carbon), 'Eth' (2 carbons) 'Prop' (3 carbons), 'But' (4 carbons)
- Homologous series a family of molecules that contain the same functional group
- Functional group a group of atoms or bonds that determine the chemical/reactive properties of a molecule
- Saturated no double bonds
- Unsaturated contains at least one double bond
- Alkanes: saturated, C_nH_{2n+2}
- Alkenes: unsaturated, C=C functional group, C_nH_{2n+2}



Alcohols and carboxylic acids

- \bullet Alcohols: solvents and fuels, OH functional group, name ends in -ol, $C_nH_{2n+1}OH$
- Sodium + alcohol → sodium ethoxide + hydrogen
- Carboxylic acids:
 - COOH functional group
 - Methanoic, ethanoic, propanoic and butanoic acid
 - Weak acids (partially ionise)
 - Metal carbonate + carboxylic acid → salt + water + carbon dioxide
 - Metal + carboxylic acid → salt + hydrogen
 - Alcohol + carboxylic acid → ester + water

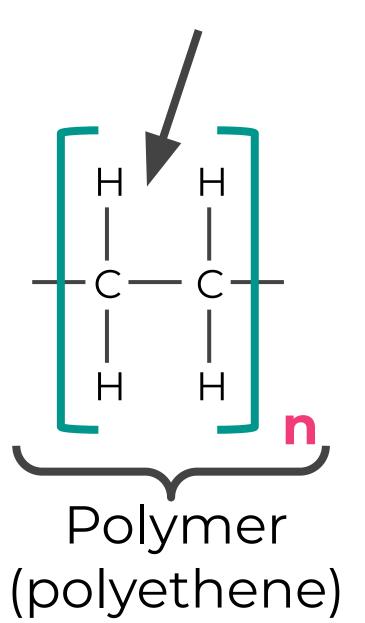


Polymers

- Monomer a small molecule that can react with another to form a long chained polymer
- Polymerisation <u>many</u> monomers <u>join</u> together to form a <u>long</u>
 <u>chain</u>
- Addition polymerisation monomers are alkenes (C=C), one product, no double bond in repeating unit.
- Condensation polymerisation monomers contain two functional groups, small molecule released (e.g. water of HCl).



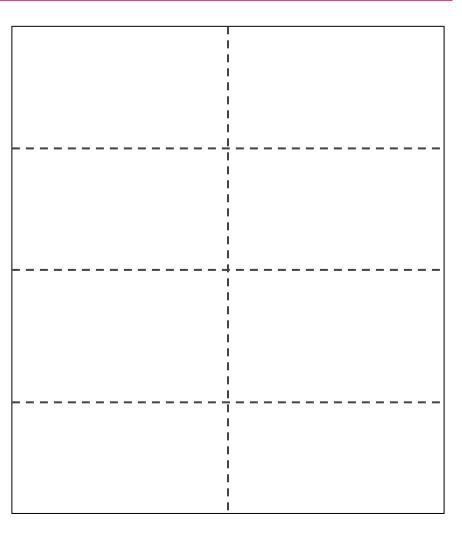
Repeating unit





Independent task

Create at least 5 flashcards using the key facts shown at the start of today's lesson. You must choose 5 facts you'd forgotten or find it difficult to remember.



Do:

- Start with the key facts you don't know!
- Use images
- Use colour
- Use keywords
- Keep it concise
- Be precise
- Make them neat
- Use them!

Don't

- Use full sentences
- Rush



Independent practice

Incorrect statement	Correct statement
Amino acids are the monomers that make up DNA.	
When a metal carbonate reacts with a carboxylic acid, hydrogen gas is produced.	
When a carboxylic acid and an alcohol react, they produce salt and water.	



Independent practice

Poor statement	Correct statement
H H H H H $H H H$	
When a group 1 metal reacts with water, it produces salt and water	
Carboxylic acids are weak acids because they turn universal indicator yellow-orange	



Write each statement next to the correct command word

State

Give a scientific reason as you why something occurs

Describe

Describe the similarities and differences between things

Explain

Consider evidence for and against and make a judgement

Compare

Give a simple answer. No explanation needed.

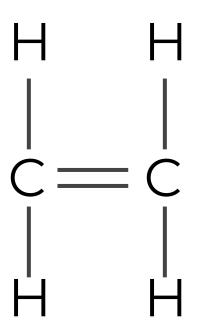
Evaluate

Recall some facts, events or process in an accurate way



Independent Practice

1. State the functional group that is present in all carboxylic acids



1. Describe the structure of ethene (see diagram)

1. Explain why carbon monoxide is produced during the incomplete combustion of alkanes.



Alcohol	Both	Water



Independent Practice

Compare the reaction of sodium with ethanol and water.

