# Materials and the Earth Lesson 15: Review 2

Science

Chemistry - Key Stage 3

Miss Willett



## What have you learnt already?

**1.** How is limestone extracted from the Earth?

### 2. Which is the thinnest layer of the Earth?

3. What is a polymer?



## **The Early Atmosphere**

### **Exam application:**

Complete the sentences about how the Earth's atmosphere has evolved. Choose words from the list.

argon	condensed
melted	nitrogen
oxygen	sunlight
thunderstorms	volcanoes

The earliest atmosphere was made up of ammonia, carbon dioxide and water vapour.

to form the oceans. Ammonia was converted by bacteria in the soil to make

and released ...... gas.

Source: OCR June 2018; J250/04



The Carbon Cycle Add or remove?!

# Respiration by plants

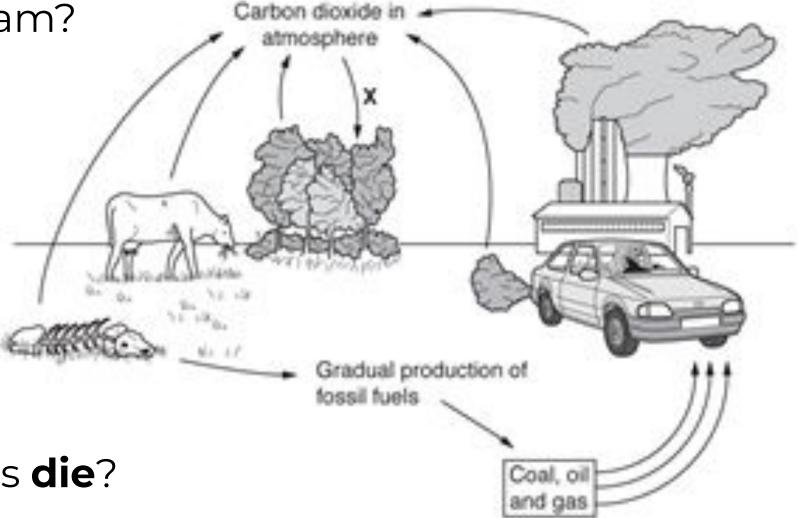
# Formation of sea-shells

# Combustion of fossil fuels



## **The Carbon Cycle** Exam application:

- i. Which process is shown by arrow **X** in the diagram?
  - Combustion
  - Decomposition
  - Photosynthesis
  - Respiration



- ii. Which process releases carbon when organisms **die**?Combustion
  - Decomposition
  - Photosynthesis
  - Transpiration





## **The Greenhouse Effect + Human Impact** True or false?!

Radiation is emitted from the Earth as infer-red radiation

Farming increases levels of water vapour in the atmosphere

Accelerated climate change (due to increased greenhouse) gases) is causing melting of ice caps

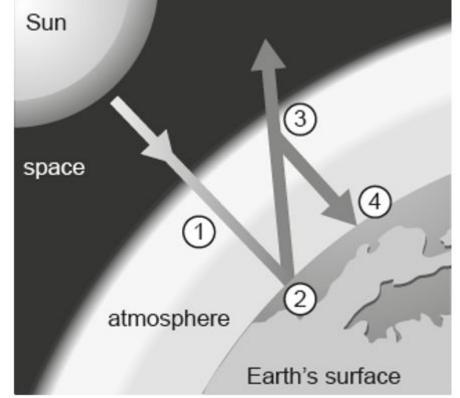




## **The Greenhouse Effect**

## **Exam application:**

Look at the diagram. It shows four processes (1 - 4) which happen in the Earth's atmosphere and on its surface.



Describe the four processes and how the greenhouse effect occurs.

Source: OCR June 2018; J250/10



## **The Greenhouse Effect**

**Answer space:** 



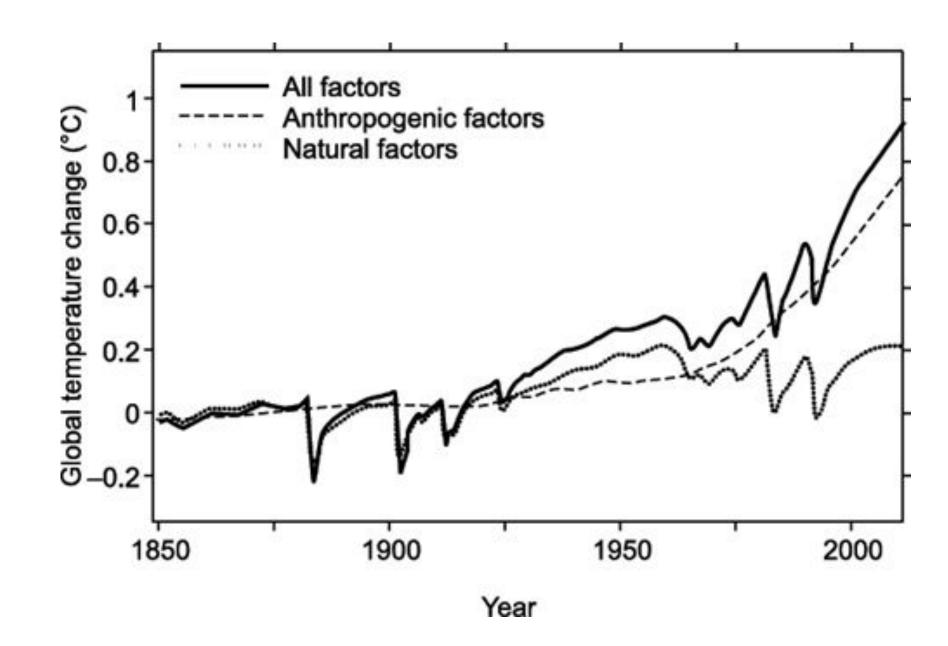
## Human Impacts Exam application:

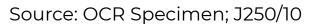
Gases such as methane and carbon dioxide absorb infrared radiation that is radiated by the Earth's surface. As a result, the Earth's surface is warmed. This is called the greenhouse effect.

Look at the graph. It shows how global temperatures have changed as a result of

- all factors
- [human] factors
- natural factors

Evaluate the evidence that [human] factors are contributing significantly to global temperature change







## **Human Impacts**

### Answer space:

Source: OCR Specimen; J250/10



Material types

Match up!

Ceramics are...

Composite materials have.

Polymers are usually..

# ...a mixture of properties

# ...plastics, and non-biodegradable

# ...strong but brittle

### **Exam application**

i. Gore-Tex<sup>®</sup> material is made from a **non-biodegradable** polymer. What is meant by non-biodegradable?

ii. Write about two ways that non-biodegradable polymers can be disposed of.

Source: OCR June 2014; B711/01

## [1]





### Answer space:



## **Exam application**

Old railway carriages are recycled in the same way as cars.

Write about the advantages, other than cost, of recycling metals.

Source: OCR January 2013; B712/01

[2]



### **Exam application**

## State **one** disadvantage of recycling.

Source: OCR June 2019; J250/041

# [1]



## More exam practice: The carbon cycle:

This question is about gases in the atmosphere.

Carbon dioxide is added to the atmosphere when fossil fuels are burnt.

i. Describe how else carbon dioxide is added to the atmosphere.

### ii. How is carbon dioxide removed from the atmosphere?

Source: OCR January 2013; B712/01

[2]

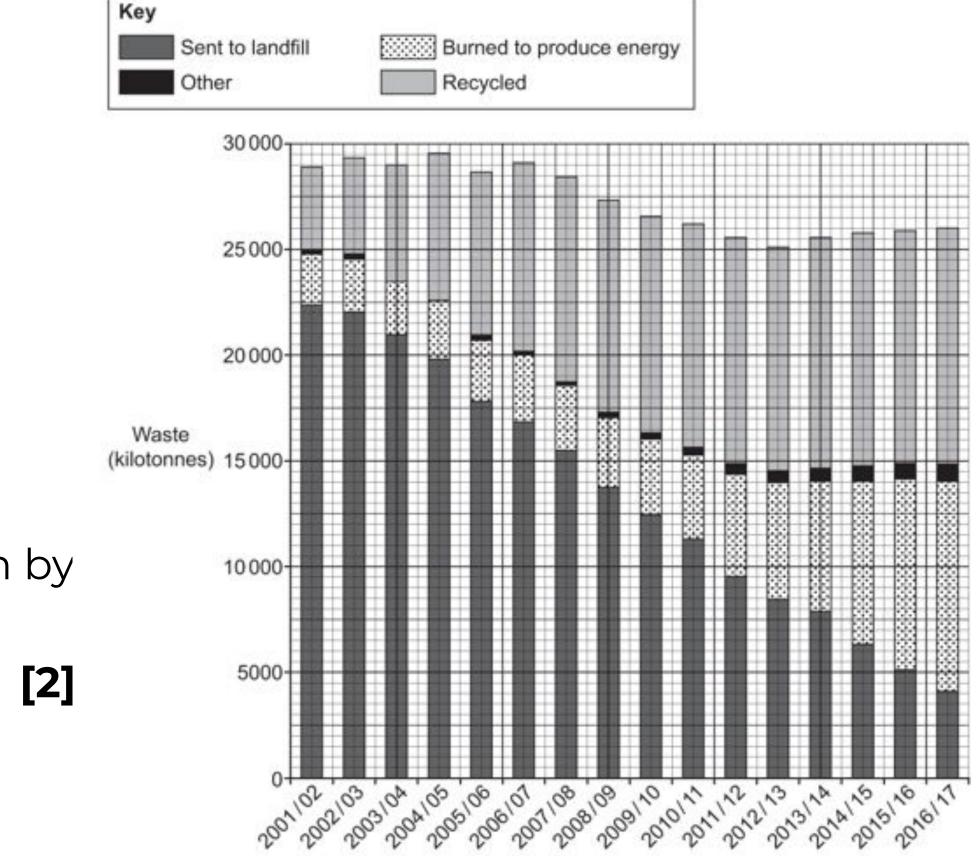


## More exam practice:

Answer space:



## More exam practice: Recycling:



Local councils collect waste from households. The graph shows what happened to the waste between 2001 and 2017.

Describe **and** explain **one** trend shown by the graph.

Source: OCR June 2019; J250/04



## More exam practice: Answer space:

