Lesson 16 - Case study of Betty Hay (Downloadable Student Document)

Science - Biology - Key Stage 3

Cells, Tissues and Organs

Ms Wickham



Explain the importance of Betty Hay's findings.

Include:

- Cell regeneration e.g. liver
- Link to stem cells
- Extracellular matrix

Key words: regenerate, undifferentiated cells, specialised cells, stem cells, disease, collagen



Explain the importance of Betty Hay's findings. (Answers)

- 1. Hay's discovered salamanders could regenerate an amputated limb, meaning it can grow cells to replace the missing ones.
- 2. Other animals have been found to do this such as starfish.
- 3. The regeneration of cells means the differentiated cells become undifferentiated stem cells again.
- 4. Stem cells can be found in embryos, adults and plants and are cells that have not become specialised.
- 5. Examples of specialised cells include nerve cells, ciliated epithelial cells and sperm cells.



Explain the importance of Betty Hay's findings. (Answers)

- 6. The body can then instruct the cells on what type of cell to become.
- 7. This is similar to the liver, when it is injured, those cells can regenerate to replace the damaged ones, until the liver is back to its original form.
- 8. Hay's also found the cornea on bird eyes to contain extracellular matrix.
- 9. The extracellular matrix can tell other cells what to become 10. Collagen is an example of extracellular matrix which is important for providing structure

