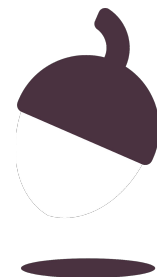


French

Talking about a disastrous holiday [3/3]

- Using the pluperfect tense

Mademoiselle Franklin



OAK
NATIONAL
ACADEMY



[ai]



vr*ai*





[ai]

maison



mauvais

[bad]

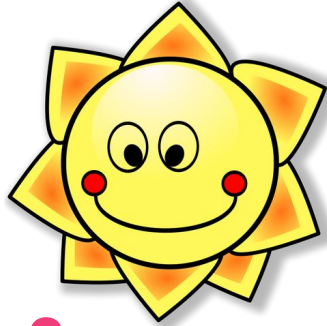
faire

[to do]





[j / ge]



jour





[j / ge]

j'ai

[I have]

j'aurais

[never]

génial





L'année dernière	last year
d'abord	firstly
ensuite	next
plus tard	later
oublier	to forget/forgetting
rater	to miss/missing
casser	to break/breaking
voler	to steal/stealing
perdre	to lose/losing
prendre un coup de soleil	to get sunburnt/getting sunburnt
déjà	already



The pluperfect tense



1. The Subject Pronoun

2. The Imperfect tense of the Auxiliary Verb (avoir)

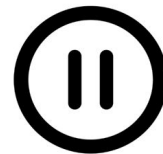
3. Past Participle

J' = I	avais = have	visit ER - visit É
		Fin IR - fin I
		vend RE - vend U
On = We	avait = have	Irregular Past Participles





Meanings of the pluperfect tense



1. The pluperfect tense is used to describe things that 'had happened' in the past. For example : 'I had visited'
2. It is formed by using the imperfect tense of the auxiliary verb, + the past participle

J'	avais	visité oublié cassé raté perdu
On	avait	



Talking about a disastrous holiday



1. When forming the pluperfect tense, we use the ... tense of the auxiliary verb.	imperfect
2. The imperfect ending in the 'je' form is...	-ais
3. The imperfect ending in the 'on' form is...	-ait
4. After the auxiliary in the pluperfect tense, we add the...	Past participle
5. J'avais déjà oublié mon portable =	I had already forgotten my phone

