## Computing

## Lesson 4: Making holes

## 3D modelling

## Josh Crossman



## Task 1 - Dimensions of 3D objects

Create the 3D shapes using the given dimensions:


Cuboid
Width: 100 mm
Depth: 20 mm
Height: $\mathbf{8 0}$ mm


Rectangular pyramid
Width: 20 mm
Depth: 20 mm
Height: 70 mm


## Cylinder

Width: 45 mm
Depth: $\mathbf{3 0}$ mm
Height: 40 mm

## Task 2 - Grouping 3D objects

- What happens when you try to move grouped 3D objects?
- Can grouped 3D objects be moved in the same way as ungrouped 3D objects?
- Once 3D objects have been grouped, can they be ungrouped?
- How can you alter the size of a hole in a solid 3D object?


Credit: Tinkercad

## Task 3 - Creating a model of a 3D pencil holder

## Open

oaknat.uk/comp-tinkercad

Create a model that looks like the image.

Use the dimensions on the following slides to help you.


## Task 3 - Creating a model of a 3D pencil holder

The height of each section's base is $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{~ m m}$

The width of each section's side is $\mathbf{1 ~ m m}$

| A | B |
| :---: | :---: |
| Width: $\mathbf{6 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | Width: $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |
| Depth: $\mathbf{6 0 ~ m m}$ | Depth: $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |
| Height: $\mathbf{1 5 ~ m m}$ | Height: $\mathbf{4 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |



Credit: Tinkercad

## Task 3 - Creating a model of a 3D pencil holder

The height of each section's base is $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{~ m m}$

The width of each section's side is $\mathbf{1 ~ m m}$

| C | D |
| :---: | :---: |
| Width: $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | Width: $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |
| Depth: $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | Depth: $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |
| Height: $\mathbf{1 1 0 ~ \mathbf { m m }}$ | Height: $\mathbf{1 2 5} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |



Credit: Tinkercad

