The Periodic Table Lesson 10 - Group 1 Metals

Science

Chemistry - Key Stage 3

Miss Willett



What have you learnt already?

What is the charge of a neutron? 1.

2. How many elements are in a compound with a name ending in '-ide'

3. What is another word for property, in science



Group 1 metal properties Melting and boiling points

Is there a pattern (a trend) and how would we describe it?

1. 'As you move _____ group 1.....'

2. '....the melting points ______ from

181°C for ______ to _____ for

caesium. The boiling points _____

from ______to

•

Group elemer
Lithium
Sodium
Potassi
Rubidiu
Caesiur

Credit: Miss Willett

1 nt	Melting point (°C)	Boiling point (°C)
n	181	1342
n	98	883
ium	64	760
um	39	686
m	28	671



Group 1 metal properties Identify the trend for density in group 1 metals

	Group 1 elen
	Lithium
	Sodium
	Potassium
	Rubidium
	Caesium
(Credit: Miss Willett

element	Density g/cm ³
	0.53
	0.97
n	0.89
٦	1.53
	1.87



What observations did you make?

Fill in the gaps in your table:

Metal:	What happened when it was added to water?	Reactivity? 1 = most, 3 = least
Lithium		
Sodium		
Potassium		

Credit: Miss Willett



Which metal was it?

Exploded with a lilac flame?

Fizzed and dissolved?

Fizzed and turned into a ball?

What happens when group 1 metals react with oxygen?

Sodium + oxygen →

Potassium + oxygen →



Correct me!

Find my three mistakes this equation:

Caesium + air = caesium oxate



What are the symbols for the products of the following:

Caesium + oxygen →

Sodium + oxygen →

Potassium + oxygen →

Group 1 = +1 Oxygen = -2



What happens when group 1 metals react with water?

Potassium + water→



What are the symbols for the products of the following:

Caesium + water →

Sodium + water →

Potassium + water →

Group 1 = +1 Hydroxide= -1



Reactions of group 1 metals

Complete the following word equations:

- Lithium + oxygen → _____
- Sodium + oxygen → _____
- _____ → potassium oxide
- Lithium + water → _____ + hydrogen
- Potassium + water → _____ + ____

● _____ + _____ → sodium hydroxide + _____

e Iydrogen



Bringing it all together.. Consolidate your learning from today

1) Describe the trend in reactivity down group 1

2) What is your evidence for this trend?



Bringing it all together. **Consolidate your learning from today**

3) What causes the fizzing when they react?

4) Hydroxides are alkaline. What colour would the water turn, after the reaction of water + Group 1 metals, if I added universal indicator?

