Find the probability of an event not happening including using a table (including mutually exclusive and exhaustive)

Maths



1. The probability of Luke winning a race is 0.6

What is the probability that he **does not** win the race?

2. The table shows the probability of randomly selecting different chocolates from a box.

Copy and complete the table.

Mint	Caramel	Hazelnut
0.3	0.6	

- 3. The probability of throwing a head on a biased coin is $\frac{2}{3}$. What is the probability of throwing a tail?
- 4. Some pupils are asked to pick their favourite sport. A pupil is equally likely to choose rugby or boxing.

 Calculate the missing probabilities.

Tennis	Rugby	Boxing	Other
0.15			0.45



5. Annie has a box of yellow, green and purple crayons.

The table shows the probability of her selecting each crayon from the box.

Yellow	Green	Purple
3	5	4
12	12	12

Work out

- a) P(yellow) b) P(green or purple)
- c) P(not purple) d) P(blue)

6. Maryam has a bag of coloured balls. There are yellow, blue and pink balls.

The probability of her selecting a yellow ball is 0.2

The probability of her selecting a blue ball is equal to selecting a pink ball.

- a) Explain why there cannot be 8 balls in the bag.
- b) There are 10 yellow balls in the bag. How many pink balls are there?



Answers



1. The probability of Luke winning a race is 0.6

What is the probability that he **does not** win the race? 0.4

2. The table shows the probability of randomly selecting different chocolates from a box.

Copy and complete the table.

Mint	Caramel	Hazelnut
0.3	0.6	0.1

3. The probability of throwing a head on a biased coin is $\frac{2}{3}$. What is the probability of throwing a tail? $\frac{1}{3}$

4. Some pupils are asked to pick their favourite sport. A pupil is equally likely to choose rugby or boxing.

Calculate the missing probabilities.

Tennis	Rugby	Boxing	Other
0.15	0.2	0.2	0.45



5. Annie has a box of yellow, green and purple crayons.

The table shows the probability of her selecting each crayon from the box.

Yellow	Green	Purple
3	5	4
12	12	12

Work out

a) P(yellow) $\frac{3}{12}$ b) P(green or purple) $\frac{9}{12}$ in the bag. Must be a multiple of 5 b) There are 10 yellow balls in the bac c) P(not purple) $\frac{8}{12}$ d) P(blue) 0

6. Maryam has a bag of coloured balls. There are yellow, blue and pink balls.

The probability of her selecting a yellow ball is 0.2

The probability of her selecting a blue ball is equal to selecting a pink ball.

a) Explain why there cannot be 8 balls

b) There are 10 yellow balls in the bag.

How many pink balls are there? 20

