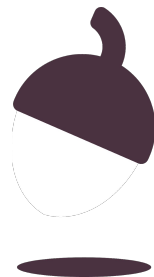


Describing a visit in the past [2/3]

- Using simple future (I & We)
- Understanding multiple tenses in a reading passage

Señorita Vázquez



OAK
NATIONAL
ACADEMY

La fonética

[v]

=

[b]



ver



celebrar



	Word	English meaning
1	quedarse	to be left, being left
2	allí	there
3	por supuesto	of course
4	flipante	awesome
5	el recuerdo	souvenir, memory
6	la intención	intention
7	la vista	view
8	volver	to come back, coming back; to return, returning
9	alquilar	to rent, renting
10	entender	to understand, understanding



Preterite VS. Simple future: 1st person singular ('I')

Preterite

To mean 'I' with **-ar** verbs, remove **-ar** and add **-é** to the **stem**.

Particip**é** en torneos.

I participated in tournaments.

-er & -ir verbs add -í to the stem instead.

Simple future

- To mean 'I' with regular verbs, we
- add **-é** to the **infinitive**.
-

Participar**é** en torneos.

*I **will** participate in tournaments.*

This also applies to -ar, -er and -ir verbs!

Preterite VS. Simple future: 1st person plural ('we')

Preterite

To mean 'we' with **-ar** verbs, remove **-ar** and add **-amos** to the **stem**.

Disfrut**amos** las vistas.

We enjoyed the views.

**-er & -ir verbs add
-imos to the stem
instead.**

Simple future

To mean 'we' with regular verbs, we add **-emos** to the **infinitive**.

Alquilar**emos** unas bicis.

*We **will** rent some bikes.*

**This also applies to
-ar, -er and -ir verbs!**



Respuestas

1. To mean 'I' in the simple future, we add -é to the
a) stem b) infinitive
2. To mean 'I' in the preterite with -ar verbs, we add -é to the
b) stem 'We will go up'
3. 'subiremos' me 'I will visit' _____
4. 'visitaré' | 'compraré' _____
5. I will buy _____.

