

# Circle Theorems: The perpendicular from the centre to a chord bisects the chord

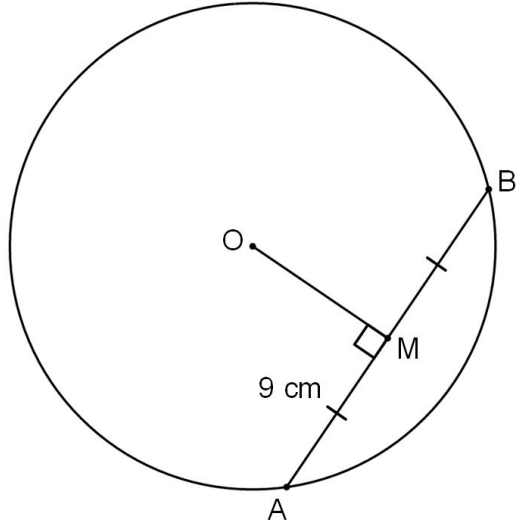
Maths

Mr Chan



# The perpendicular from the centre to a chord bisects the chord

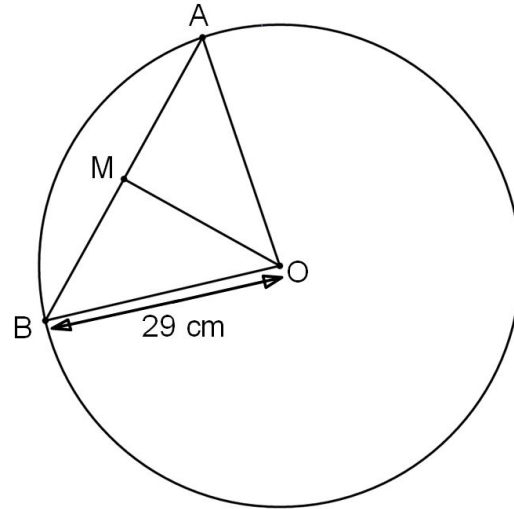
1. OM is perpendicular to the chord AB.



Work out the length of  $BM$ .  
Give a reason for your answer.

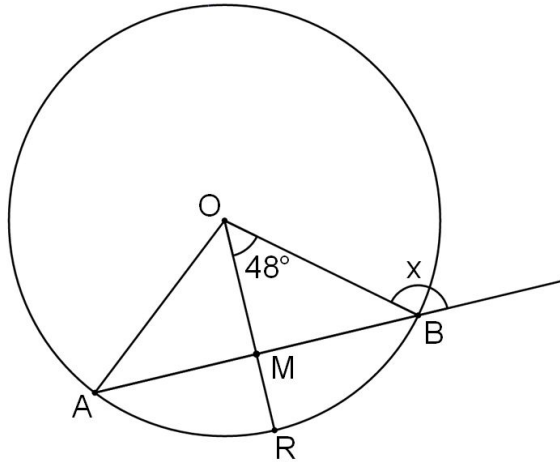
2. OM is perpendicular to the chord AB.  $AB = 42\text{ cm}$ .

Work out the side length  $OM$ .



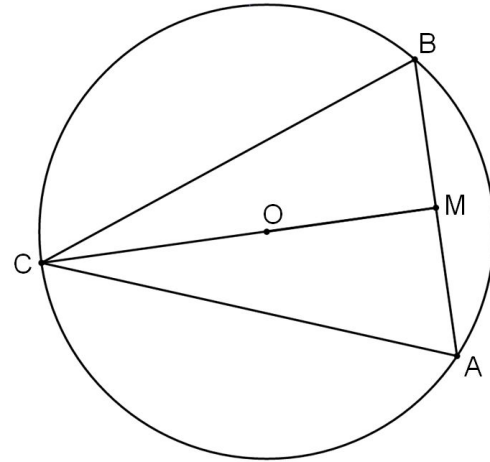
# The perpendicular from the centre to a chord bisects the chord

3. The circle has centre  $O$  and  $OR$  is a radius to the circle.  $AB$  is a chord in the circle where  $AM=MB$ .



Work out the value of angle  $x$ .

4.  $OM$  is perpendicular to the chord  $AB$ . The circle has a radius of 9 cm.  $CO:OM=3:2$ . Chord  $AB = 9$  cm.



Work out side length  $AC$ . Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

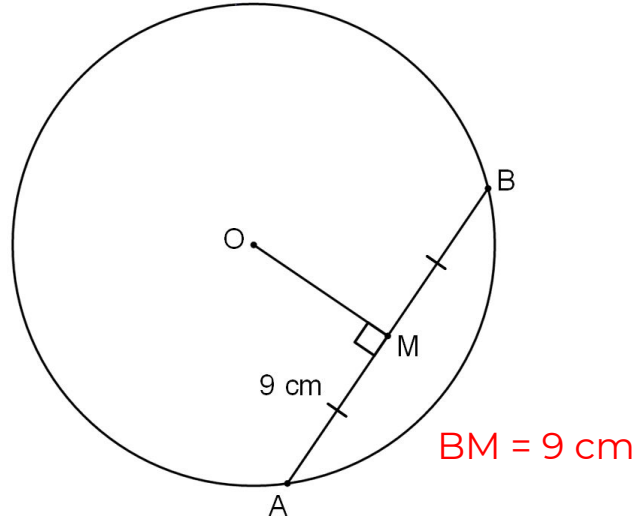


# Answers



# The perpendicular from the centre to a chord bisects the chord

1. OM is perpendicular to the chord AB.

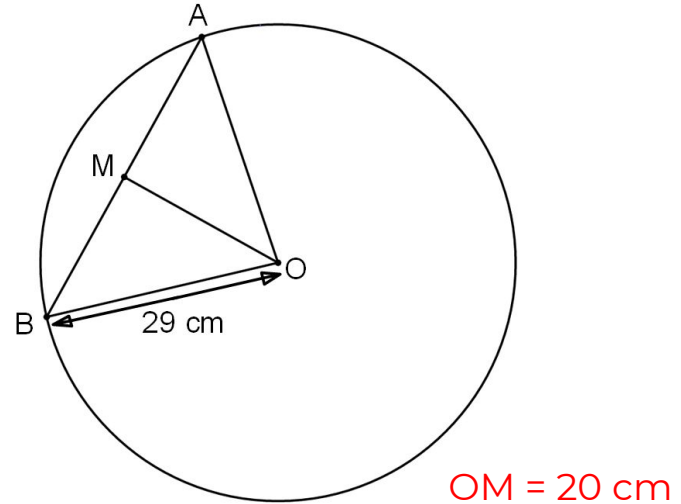


Work out the length of BM.  
Give a reason for your answer.

The perpendicular from the centre  
bisects the chord

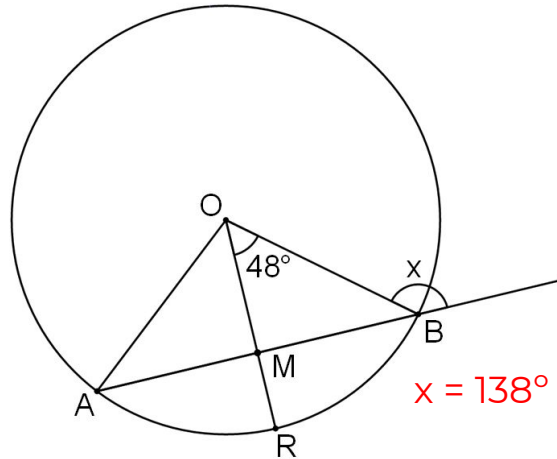
2. OM is perpendicular to the chord AB.  $AB = 42 \text{ cm}$ .

Work out the side length OM.



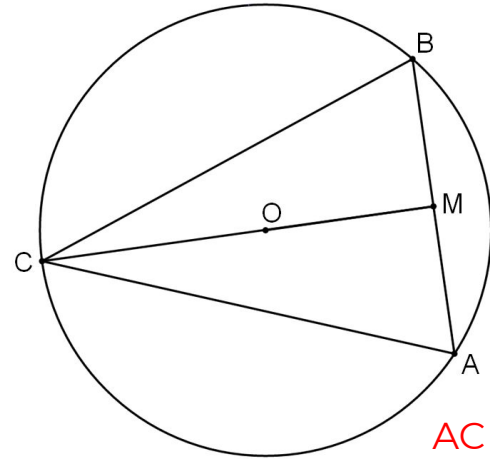
# The perpendicular from the centre to a chord bisects the chord

3. The circle has centre O and OR is a radius to the circle. AB is a chord in the circle where  $AM=MB$ .



Work out the value of angle x.

4. OM is perpendicular to the chord AB. The circle has a radius of 9 cm.  $CO:OM=3:2$ . Chord AB = 9 cm.



Work out side length AC. Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

