

Mathematics

Lesson 13 of 15

# Adding Near Doubles

Ms. Dobrowolski



# Independent Task

Solve each equation using the near doubles strategy.

Remember to use doubles facts to help you calculate mentally.

$30 + 29 = \square$	$32 + 30 = \square$	$30 + 28 = \square$
$50 + 51 = \square$	$48 + 50 = \square$	$50 + 52 = \square$
$40 + 39 = \square$	$38 + 40 = \square$	$40 + 42 = \square$
$19 + 20 = \square$	$22 + 20 = \square$	$21 + 20 = \square$
$9 + 10 = \square$	$11 + 10 = \square$	$10 + 12 = \square$

