## Multiplication law for indices

Maths

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## Multiplication law for indices

1. Simplify the expressions.
a) $a \times a$
b) $b^{5} \times b^{2}$
c) $c^{17} \times c^{3}$
d) $d^{9} \times d \times d^{3}$
2. True or false?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& h^{-2} \times h^{-4}=h^{2} \\
& k^{3} \times k^{-2}=k \\
& y^{-5} \times y^{5}=y^{0}
\end{aligned}
$$

Correct any false statements
3. Simplify the following.
a) $a^{0.7} \times a^{2.3}$
b) $b^{2.3} \times b^{0.7}$
c) $c^{-0.36} \times c^{1.36}$
4. Simplify the expressions.
a) $2 \times a^{3}$
b) $3 b \times 2 b^{2}$
c) $6 c^{-9} \times 10 c^{8}$
d) $20 d^{81} \times-5 d^{19}$
e) $5 e^{-4} \times 3 e^{-3} \times-4 e^{11}$

## Multiplication law for indices

5. Work out the value of $m$ and $p$ in each.
a) $3 a^{m} \times p a^{6}=6 a^{8}$
b) $\mathrm{mb}^{-5} \times 2 \mathrm{~b}^{\mathrm{p}}=12 \mathrm{~b}^{3}$
c) $-5 \mathrm{c}^{\mathrm{m}} \times \mathrm{pc}^{-3}=30 \mathrm{c}^{-10}$
6. Expand the brackets.
a) $k(5-k)$
b) $w^{3}(w+2)$
c) $3 f^{2}\left(f^{2}+4\right)$
d) $2 q^{2}\left(6-3 q^{3}\right)$
7. A rectangle has a length of $3 h^{5} \mathrm{~cm}$ and $4 h^{4} \mathrm{~cm}$. Write an expression for the area of the rectangle


Answers

## Multiplication law for indices

1. Simplify the expressions.
a) $a \times a a^{2}$
b) $b^{5} \times b^{2} b^{7}$
c) $c^{17} \times c^{3} c^{20}$
d) $d^{9} \times d \times d^{3} d^{13}$
2. True or false?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
h^{-2} \times h^{-4}=h^{2} & \text { False. } h^{-6} \\
k^{3} \times k^{-2}=k & \text { True } \\
y^{-5} \times y^{5}=y^{0} & \text { True }
\end{array}
$$

Correct any false statements
3. Simplify the following.
a) $a^{0.7} \times a^{2.3} \quad a^{3}$
b) $b^{2.3} \times b^{0.7} \quad b^{3}$
c) $\mathrm{c}^{-0.36} \times \mathrm{c}^{1.36} \quad \mathrm{c}^{1}=\mathrm{c}$
4. Simplify the expressions.
a) $2 \times a^{3} \quad 2 a^{3}$
b) $3 b \times 2 b^{2} \quad 6 b^{3}$
c) $6 c^{-9} \times 10 c^{8} \quad 60 c^{-1}$
d) $20 d^{81} \times-5 d^{19} \quad-100 d^{100}$
e) $5 e^{-4} \times 3 e^{-3} \times-4 e^{11}-60 e^{4}$

## Multiplication law for indices

5. Work out the value of $m$ and $p$ in each.
a) $3 a^{m} \times p a^{6}=6 a^{8}$
$m=2$
$p=2$
b) $\mathrm{mb}^{-5} \times 2 \mathrm{~b}^{\mathrm{p}}=12 \mathrm{~b}^{3}$
$m=6$
$p=8$
c) $-5 \mathrm{c}^{\mathrm{m}} \times \mathrm{pc}^{-3}=30 \mathrm{c}^{-10} \mathrm{~m}=-7 \quad \mathrm{p}=-6$
6. Expand the brackets.
a) $k(5-k) \quad 5 k-k^{2}$
b) $w^{3}(w+2) \quad w^{4}+2 w^{3}$
c) $3 f^{2}\left(f^{2}+4\right) \quad 3 f^{4}+12 f^{2}$
d) $2 q^{2}\left(6-3 q^{3}\right) 12 q^{2}-6 q^{5}$
7. A rectangle has a length of $3 h^{5} \mathrm{~cm}$ and $4 h^{4} \mathrm{~cm}$. Write an expression for the area of the rectangle

