

# Long multiplication and area models

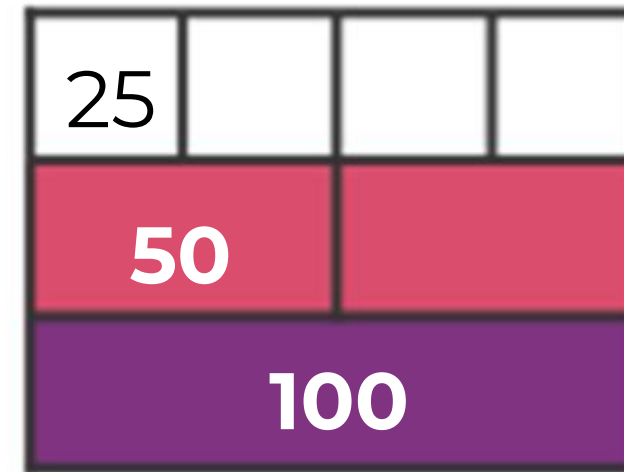
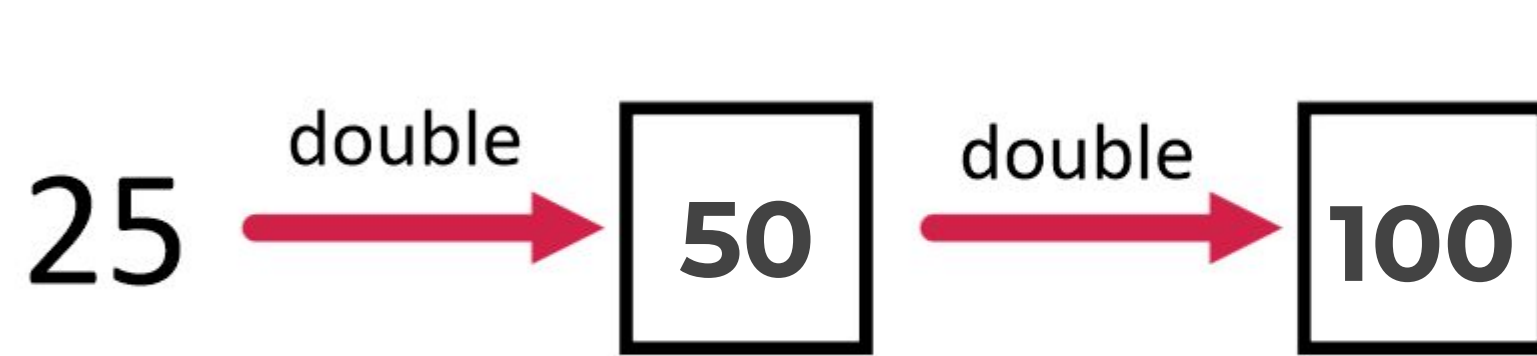
## Worksheet

Mr Ward



# Warm up - Doubling and halving

Use adapted bar model to help solve the following calculations.



Therefore

$$25 \times 4 = \span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">100$$

$$25 \times 16 =$$

$$25 \times 24 =$$

$$25 \times 80 =$$

$$1000 \div 25 =$$

$$625 \div 25 =$$

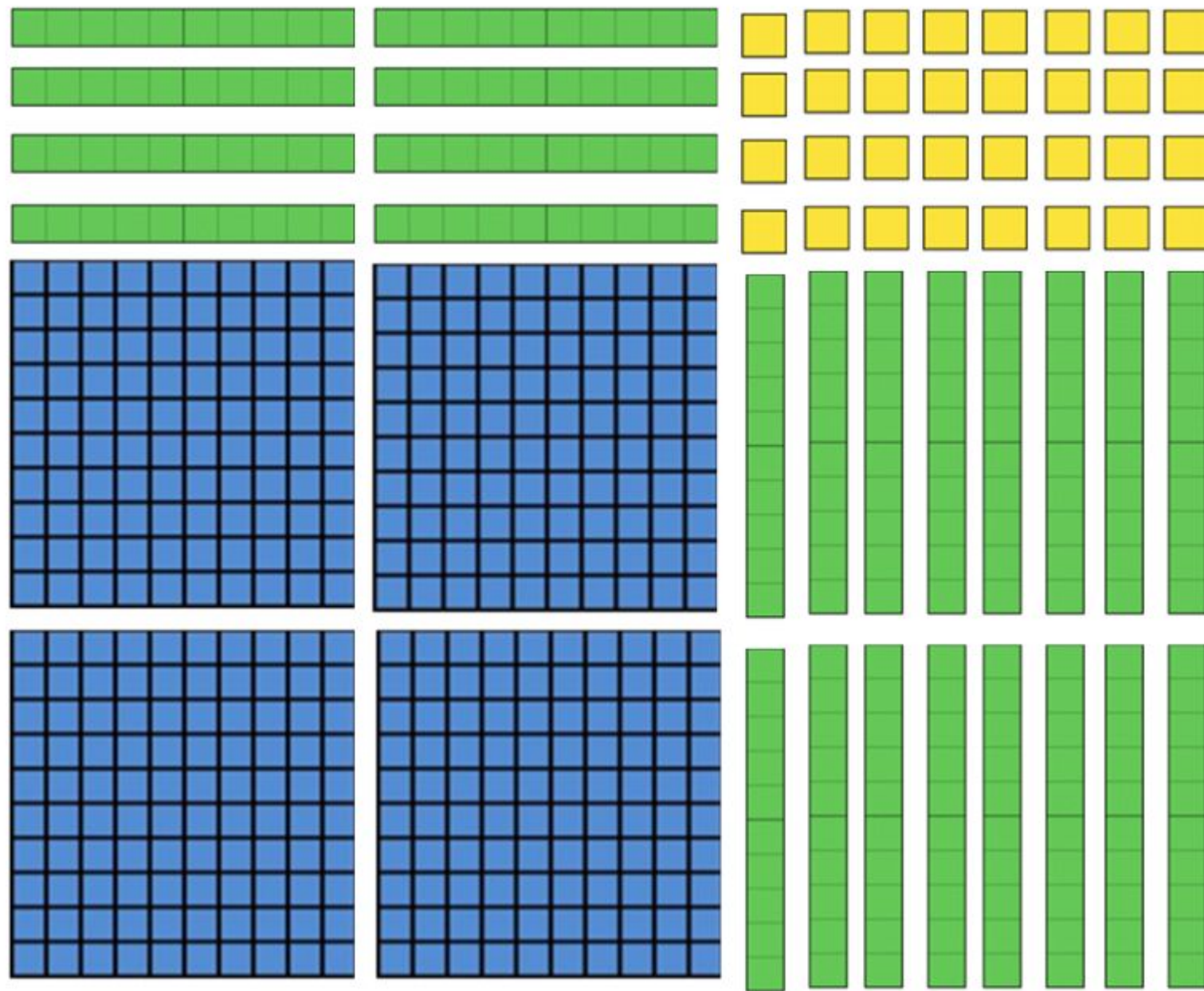
$$350 \div 25 =$$



# Area Model - Your turn!

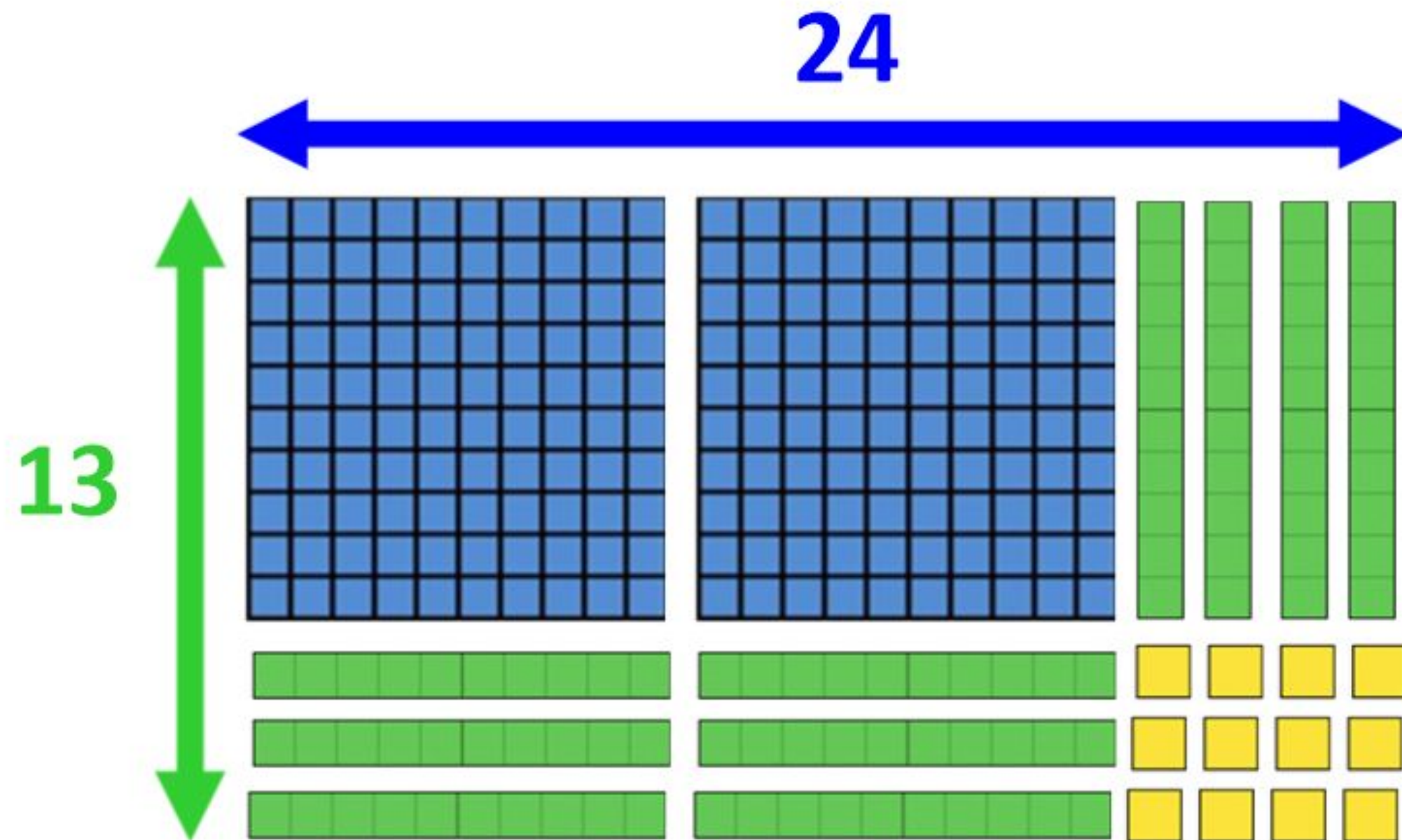
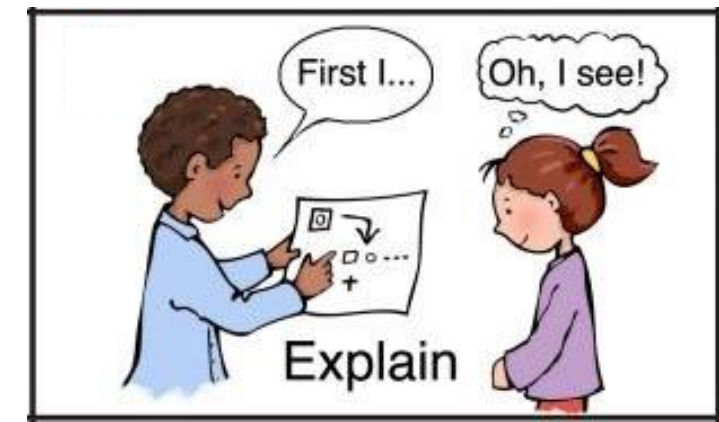
Work out the calculation

Complete the area model



# Talk Task - Sketching area models

1. Sketch the dienes to make an area model
2. Complete the area model
3. Work out the product for the calculation



26 by 23

32 by 17

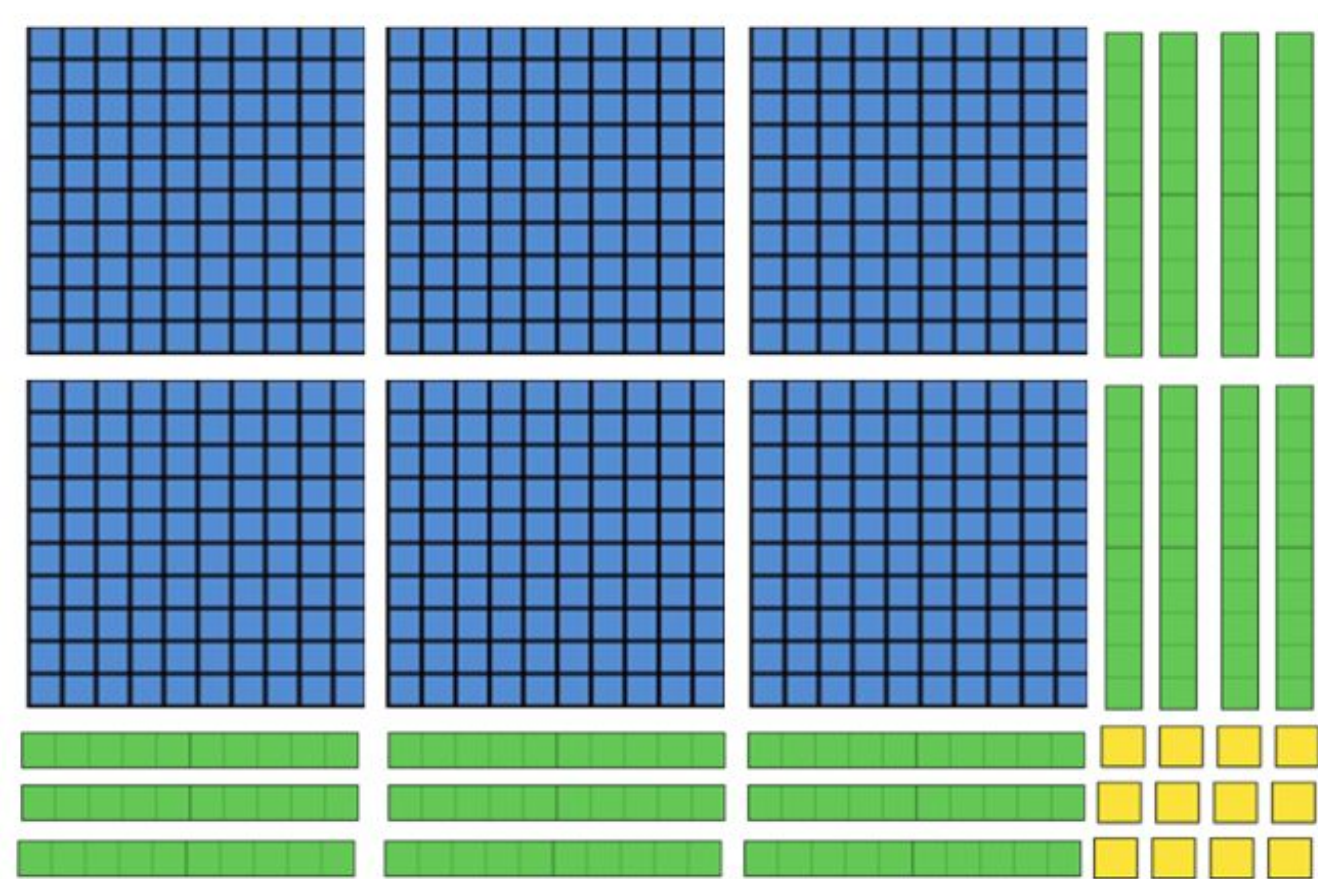
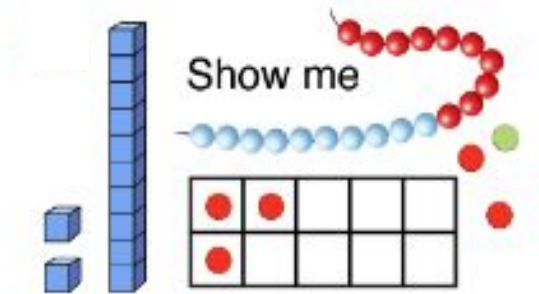
25 by 14





# Formal Long multiplication

## Concrete and pictorial representations

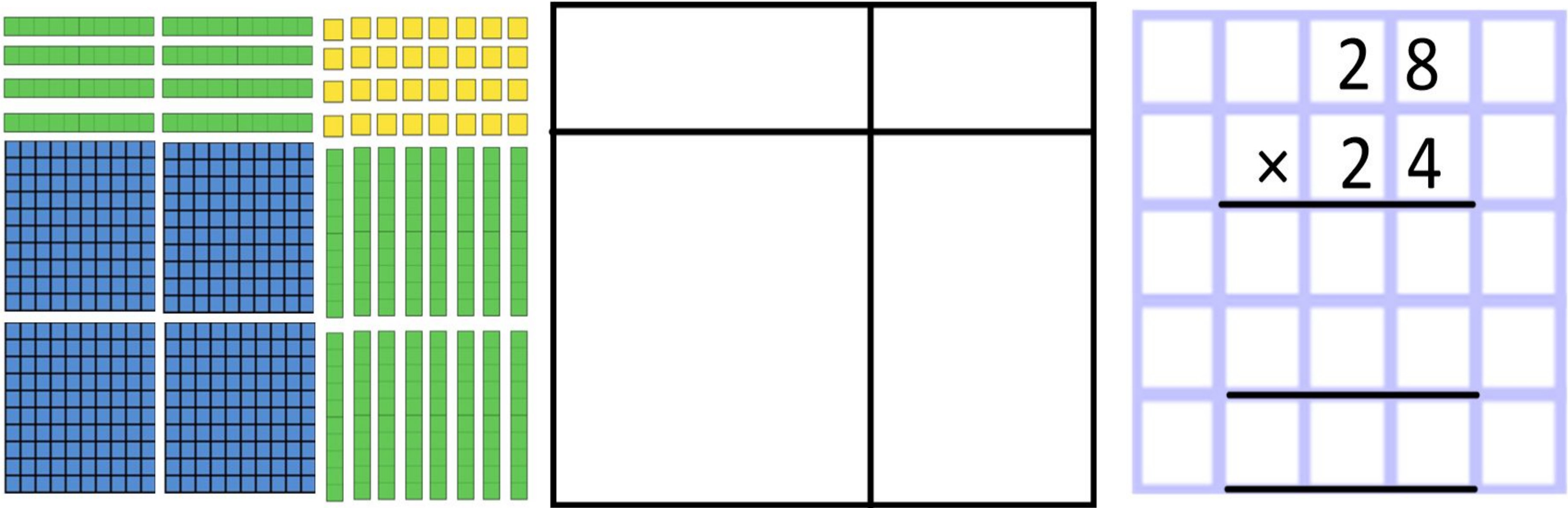
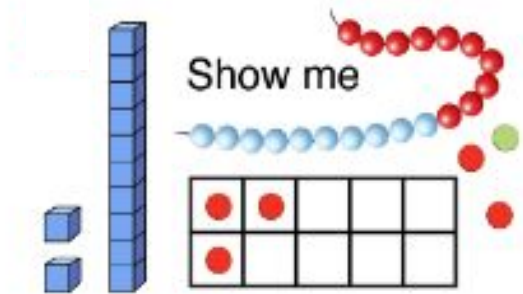


			3	4	
			×	2	3
			<hr/>		



# Formal Long multiplication

## Concrete and pictorial representations



# Use Long multiplication to solve these equations

Remember your derived facts and multiplying by multiples of 10



Sketching an area model is optional but recommended to help

1)  $31 \times 23$

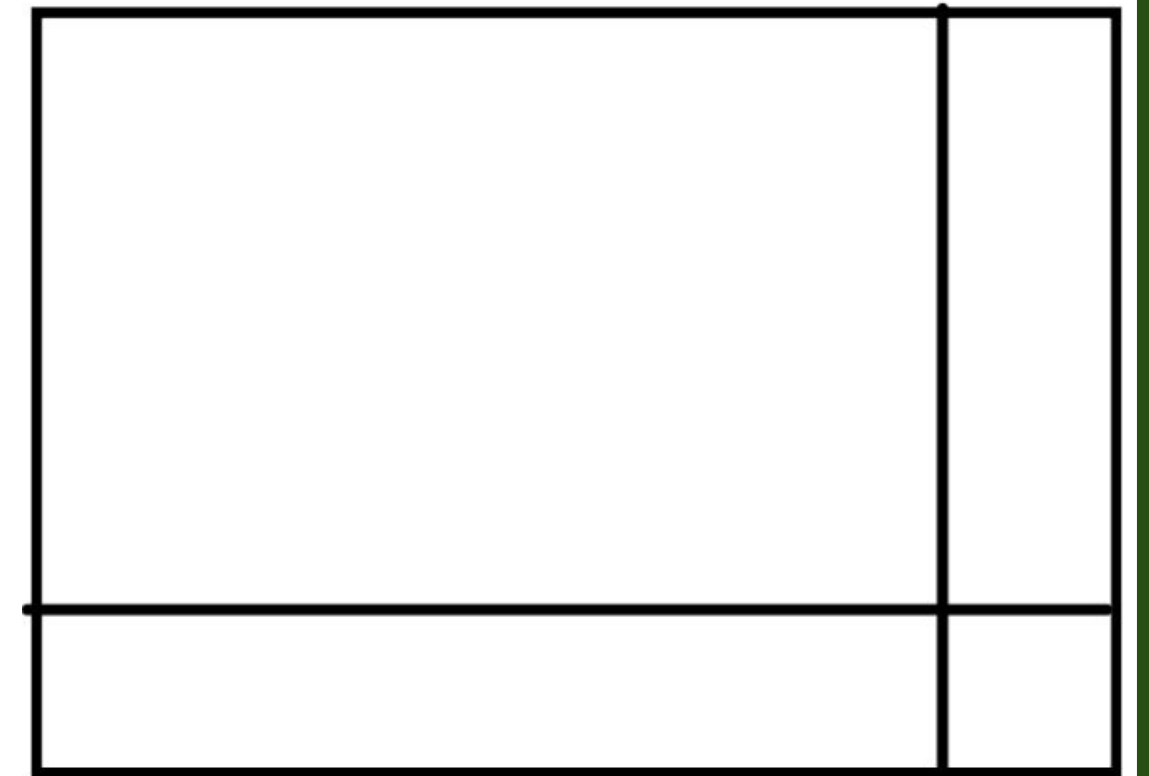
2)  $43 \times 29$

3)  $72 \times 61$

4)  $64 \times 25$

5)  $87 \times 59$

		3	1	
	$\times$	2	3	
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# Challenge Slide

## Multiplication Master



1. Create a maths story for each calculation
2. Can you think of three different ways to solve the equations?

- $64 \times 25$

Formal?

- $33 \times 14$

Informal?

- $46 \times 21$

Mental strategies?

How would you estimate first?

