# Spanish

# Assessment

Year 7 Spanish
Term 3 Achievement Test



#### **Achievement Test - Year 7 Term 3 Spanish**

/our name:	Your class / name of teacher:
------------	-------------------------------

This test checks your knowledge of phonics, vocabulary, and grammar.

The test is in four sections:

Section A: Listening (20 minutes)

Section B: Reading (11 minutes)

Section C: Writing (11 minutes)

Section D: Speaking (9 minutes)

This makes a total of **51 minutes** to complete the entire test.

Remember – always just have a go! If you know some words, just write or say them! Just do what you can!



## **SECTION A: Listening**

#### **Phonics**

This part of the test will take around **5 minutes**.

You will hear the 15 Spanish words listed on the next slide.

Complete the spelling of each word by filling in the missing letters. **Each dash (\_)** represents one missing letter.

For some of the words you hear, there may be more than one way of spelling them.

Just type in any one possible spelling for each word.

The aim is to see how you write the sounds that you hear. You won't know these words because they are very rare. Don't worry – just do your best!

You will hear each word **twice**.



- 1. a \_ \_ asar
- 2. \_ rna
- 3. \_ \_ bil
- 4. \_arpa
- 5. \_\_ ma
- 6. \_ p\_
- 7. \_\_\_ lco
- 8. \_\_ta

- 9. apa\_ear
- 10. \_\_ dro
- 11. \_ nd\_
- 12. \_ mpar
- 13. \_ \_ ntal
- 14. \_ \_ ma
- 15. \_ aina



## **SECTION A: Listening**

### Vocabulary

This part of the test will take around 11 minutes.

#### **PART A - MEANING**

You will hear 10 Spanish words.

Put a tick under the picture or English word that best matches what you hear.

You will hear each Spanish word twice.



1			TOWN WE	
	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
2		***		
				[ ]



3	ugly	red	active	tall
	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
4	short	strange	strong	green
	[ ]			[ ]



5			(shop)	
	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
6	five	eight	ten	seven



7			
	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]

8	to spend (time)	to walk	to ask	to prepare



9			
	[ ]	[ ]	

10	with	around	if	to
	[ ]		[ ]	



#### **PART B - CATEGORIES**

Here are ten English categories. You will hear the categories read out to you. Then, you will **hear** four words in Spanish.

**Put a tick** under the word (A, B, C or D) which is a good example of the category. You will hear each set of Spanish words **twice.** 

•



## Which Spanish word is a good example of ...

		A	В	С	D
1	a family member				
2	a language				
3	a place in town				
4	a school subject				
5	something you wear				
6	an animal				
7	a direction or location				
8	a classroom object				
9	a hobby				
10	a drink				

#### **Grammar**

You will hear twelve sentences in Spanish.

You will hear each sentence **twice**.

On the next slide, decide who the verb is referring to. Tick the box next to your answer.



1	I	you	he/she	we	
2	you □	he/she	they	we	
3	we 🗆	they	he/she	I	
4	we 🗆	you		they	
5	we 🗆	they	you	he/she	
6	I $\square$	you	they	we	
7	we 🗆	they		you	
8	I $\square$	we	you	he/she	
9	you □		we	they	
10	he/she □	we	they	I	
11	I $\square$	you	he/she	they	
12	we 🗆	they		he/she	



## **SECTION B: Reading**

### Vocabulary

#### PART A - SYNONYMS

On the following slides, **tick the box** next to the word with **the most similar** meaning to the word in bold.

This part of the test will take around 1 minute.



1) Es <b>alegre</b> .	a) aburrido	
Es	b) serio	
	c) feliz	
	d) importante	
2) Debo <b>limpiar</b> la bicicleta.	a) buscar	
Debo la bicicleta.	b) estudiar	
	c) lavar	
	d) cambiar	
3) El <b>señor</b> está en la calle.	a) vaso	
El está en la calle.	b) equipo	
	c) compañero	
	d) hombre	



4) Puede hacer <b>ejercicio</b> .	a) un favor	
Puede hacer	b) deporte	
	c) algo	
	d) una puerta	
5) El campo es <b>hermoso</b> .	a) verdadero	
El campo es	b) antiguo	
	c) bonito	
	d) moreno	



#### PART B - OPPOSITES

On the following slides, **tick the box** next to the word with the **opposite** meaning to the word in bold.

1) <b>Siempre</b> hace los deberes.	a) sólo	
hace los deberes.	b) a veces	
	c) nunca	
	d) normalmente	
2) La cámara es <b>mala</b> .	a) falsa	
La cámara es	b) grande	
	c) buena	
	d) electrónica	



3) El ordenador es <b>barato</b> .	a) loco	
El ordenador es	b) caro	
	c) nervioso	
	d) tonto	
4) La silla está <b>delante</b> de la mesa.	a) aquí	
La silla está de la mesa.	b) debajo	
	c) también	
	d) detrás	
5) El río está <b>oscuro</b> .	a) solo	
El río está	b) rico	
	c) claro	
	d) famoso	



#### PART C – ASSOCIATIONS

On the following slides, **tick the box** next to the word which **best goes together** with the word in bold.

1) el dinero	a) comprar	
	b) el mar	
	c) agosto	
	d) la llamada	
2) <b>el mensaje</b>	a) el caballo	
	b) el norte	
	c) recibir	
	d) ser	



3) <b>viajar</b>	a) seis	
	b) el lunes	
	c) amarillo	
	d) las vacaciones	
4) la basura	a) el primo	
	b) sacar	
	c) el árbol	
	d) entre	
5) <b>la escuela</b>	a) la cosa	
	b) el suelo	
	c) julio	
	d) los deberes	



6) <b>la ventana</b>	a) organizar	
	b) el animal	
	c) abrir	
	d) perdón	
7) el campo	a) la estación	
	b) la naturaleza	
	c) la carne	
	d) la opción	
8) aprender	a) la ciencia	
	b) la plaza	
	c) la comida	
	d) el mar	



9) <b>el libro</b>	a) hola	
	b) correr	
	c) leer	
	d) estar	
10) <b>la bicicleta</b>	a) participar	
	b) montar	
	c) otra vez	
	d) hasta luego	



#### **Grammar**

This part of the test will take around 6½ minutes.

#### **PART A**

Read the sentences. Choose who the verb is referring to.

**Tick the box** next to the person or people the sentence is about.

	]			
•	you	you	Diefwyten lee weer eienee	
•	we		Disfrutan las vacaciones	
	they			
Γ				
	you			
	we			
2			Necesito un periódico.	
	they			



	he/she			
-	we			
3	they		Hablas con los profesores.	
	you			
	they			
	we			
4	you		Son guapos.	
	he/she			
	you			
_	he/she			
5	we		Estamos en Madrid.	
	they			
	you		•	
6	we		Tienes tres hermanas.	
	they			



	he/she		
	we		
7	you	Vives en Inglaterra.	
	they		
	he/she		
8	they	Corre por el parque.	
	you		
	you		
9	we	Doy un regalo.	
	they		
	he/she		
10	you	Quiere una revista.	
	they		



11	he/she they	Debes estudiar en silencio.
	you	
	they	
7	we	Puedo participar.
	he/she	



#### **PART B**

Decide what these Spanish sentences mean in English.

Tick the box next to your answer.

- 1. Es alegre.  $\Box$  He is cheerful (now).  $\Box$  He is cheerful (in general).
- 2. Estás nerviosa.  $\square$  You are nervous (now).  $\square$  You are nervous (in general).



#### PART C

Choose which word could replace the <u>underlined</u> word.

Tick the box by the article that completes the sentence.

1. Uso <u>una</u> bicicleta.	□el	□ la	□los	□ las
2. Quiere <u><b>el</b></u> barco.	□un	□ una	unos	□ unas
3. Necesito <u>los</u> zapatos.	□un	□ una	unos	□ unas



### **PART D**

Write the words in each box in the correct order.

interesante	Correct order:
una	
revista	
verde	Correct order:
el	
árbol	



#### **PART E**

Choose either *hay* or *tiene* to complete the sentence.

**Tick the box** next to the noun that completes the sentence.

- 1. El pueblo \_\_\_\_ unos lugares verdes.
  - □ hay
- 2. En el centro \_\_\_\_\_ unos edificios importantes.
- □ hay
- □ tiene

□ tiene



#### **PART F**

Decide what the sentences mean. **Tick the box** next to your answer.

1. Escuchas música.	☐ You listen to music.	☐ You do not listen to	music
I. LSCUCITAS ITTUSICA.	$\square$ TOU HOLETT LOTHUSIC.		111USIC.

- 2. No hace deporte.  $\Box$  He does sport.  $\Box$  He does not do sport.
- 3. No llevo una camisa.  $\Box$  I wear a shirt.  $\Box$  I do not wear a shirt.



# **SECTION C: Writing**

### Vocabulary

This part of the test will take around 5 minutes.

Translate the **English words in brackets** on the following slides to complete the **Spanish** sentence.



1) los martes es normal. ( <b>playing</b> )				
2) persona está en el museo. ( <b>every</b> )				
3) La cosa está ( <b>outside</b> )				
4) Debe ( <b>to drink</b> )				
5) Es importante ( <b>to work</b> )				
6) Está guapo ( <b>today</b> )				
7) La plaza está ( <b>there</b> )				
8) ¿ está Sara? ( <b>how</b> )				
9) está en Madrid. ( <b>the woman</b> ) (write <b>two</b> words)				
10)¿ es la frase correcta? ( <b>which</b> )				



11) Lucía estudia inglés, no estudia arte. ( <b>but</b> )				
ن (12	_ estudias? ( <b>how much</b> )			
13) Vives en	(France)			
14) Escribe	(a lot)			
خ (15	_ es la chica? ( <b>who</b> )			
16) Es normal_	la clase. ( <b>to enjoy</b> )			
17) Es	(the Wednesday)	(write <b>two</b> words)		
خ (18	_ tienes? ( <b>what</b> )			
19) Está en	(the train)	(write <b>two</b> words)		
20) ¿Quieres _	? (the water)	(write <b>two</b> words)		



### **Grammar**

This part of the test will take around 5½ minutes.

#### **PART A**

Complete the sentences by writing the Spanish for the English in brackets.

		Clues:
7	_ el mar. (she looks at)	mirar = to look at
2. خ	con la profesora? (do we arrive)	<b>llegar</b> = to arrive
J. خ	a Diego? (do you write)	escribir = to write
4	tarde. (they respond, reply)	responder = to respond, to reply



### PART B

Write the **Spanish** for the English given in brackets.

1	en la ciudad. (they are) (for location)
2	unas chicas serias. (we are) (for permanent characteristics)
3	los platos blancos. (I have)
4	unas bolsas nuevas. (she gives)



#### PART C

Complete these sentences with the **Spanish** for the English in brackets.

- 1. Das \_\_\_\_\_ cosa (f). (a)
- 2. Tienes \_\_\_\_\_ gato (m). (the)
- 3. Quiero los teléfonos \_\_\_\_\_. (new)
- 4. Tenemos la planta \_\_\_\_\_. (small)

clues:

**nuevo** = new

**pequeño** = small



# **PART D**

Complete these sentences with the **Spanish** for the English in brackets.

			CLUES:
1.		_ con el profesor.	poder = to be able to, can
	(You can speak)		hablar = to speak
2.		_ el teléfono.	deber = to have to, must
	(He must use)		usar = to use
3.		un regalo.	querer = to want to,
	(I want to ask for)	<u> </u>	pedir = to ask for



# **SECTION D: Speaking**

You will need to **record** your speaking. Your teacher may have given you instructions already. If not, use the instructions below:

Before you start this section of the test, please go to this website: **vocaroo.com**. It will open in a new tab. Click the **red record button**, then come back to this test.



# **Phonics**

This part of the test will take around 1 ½ minutes.

That's 6 seconds per word – you have time to think about each one carefully.

Read this list of Spanish words aloud. You won't know the words – they are rare. Just say them as you think they should sound.

You will get marks for pronouncing the **bold**, **underlined** parts of each word correctly.

If you're not sure, don't worry – just have a go and do your best.



**go**do ٦. 9. <u>**e**</u>nte <u>ci</u>sne <u>II</u>agar 10. 2. **que**dón <u>**ñ**</u>apa 3. 11. **h**endir 4. 12. a<u>rr</u>asar **gi**bar 5. 13. **ga**mo 6. 14. **v**asco **ge**rmen <u>a</u>neblar 7. 15. **z**apar

**j**irón

8.



# Vocabulary

This part of the test will take around 2 minutes.

**Say** the **Spanish** for the words on the next two slides. **Remember** to say the word for 'the' if needed!



1. the mountain (say **two** Spanish words, include the word for 'the')

2. very (say **one** Spanish word)

3. late (say **one** Spanish word)

4. the bed (say **two** Spanish words, include the word for 'the')

5. the paper (say **two** Spanish words, include the word for 'the')

6. the morning (say **two** Spanish words, include the word for 'the')

7. although (say **one** Spanish word)

8. where? (say **one** Spanish word)

9. eleven (say **one** Spanish word)

10. but (say **one** Spanish word)



16. the view	sav <b>two</b> S	banish words.	include the	word for 'the')

10 C ·	/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17. Spain	(say <b>one</b> Spanish word)

18. blue (say **one** Spanish word)

19. the Saturday (say **two** Spanish words, include the word for 'the')

20. the mother (say **two** Spanish words, include the word for 'the')



#### **Grammar**

This part of the test will take around 5 minutes.

#### **PART A**

Say the Spanish for the English in brackets. The **gaps** tell you how many Spanish words you will need. The clue tells you which **verb** to use.

#### **Clues:**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ español. (he speaks)

2. ¿\_\_\_\_\_ un teléfono? (do I use)

3. \_\_\_\_\_ en barco. (you arrive)

4. ¿\_\_\_\_\_ chino? (do you learn)

5. \_\_\_\_\_ revistas. (I write)

6. ¿\_\_\_\_\_ ayuda? (do they look for)

to speak = hablar

to use = usar

to arrive = *llegar* 

to learn = aprender

to write = escribir

to look for = *buscar* 



#### **PART B**

Say the **Spanish** for the English in brackets.

The lines tell you how many words you need. The clue tells you which **noun** & **adjective** to use.

#### clues:

- 1. Estamos en \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ (the white house)
- . Localitos et \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_. (ette vittee tiodoc
- 2. Son \_\_\_\_\_\_. (the tall boys)
- 3. Tiene \_\_\_\_\_. (a red plate)
- 4. Tienes \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_. (some new shirts)

- white = blanco; house = casa (f.)
- tall = alto; boy = chico (m.)
- red = *rojo*; plate = *plato* (m.)
- new = *nuevo*; shirt = *camisa* (f.)



# **PART C**

# **PART C**

Say the **Spanish** for the English in brackets. The clue tells you which **verbs** to use.

# Clues:

7	inglés. (he can speak)	to be able to, can = <i>poder</i> ; to speak = <i>hablar</i>
2	_ en clase. (I must listen)	to have to, must = <i>deber</i> ; to listen = <i>escuchar</i>
3	_ a la escuela. (you want t	o walk) to want to = <i>querer</i> ; to walk = <i>caminai</i>



Now go back to the Vocaroo window.
Click on the <b>red button</b> . Click on <b>"Save &amp; Share"</b> .
Copy & paste / write the URL for your Vocaroo recording here:

# **END OF ASSESSMENT**

