

French

Describing a region [3 / 5]

- Position and agreement of irregular adjectives**

Monsieur Lowe





Phonétique





[gn]

ny

No hard Gs!





[gn]



Espagne





[gn]

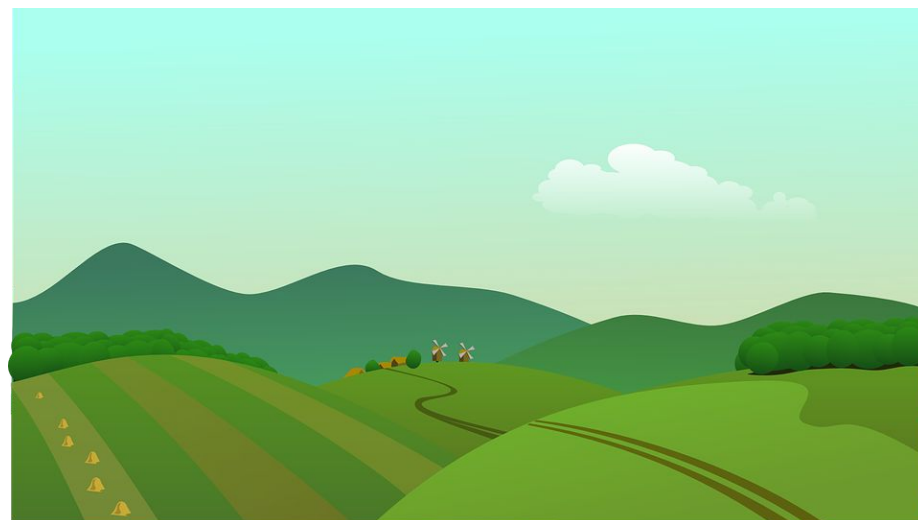


montagne





[gn]



campagne





[gn]

More
examples of
the **gn** sound?



si gne	sign
champa gne	champagne
champi gn on	mushroom
mi gn on	cute
l'arai gn ée	spider
l'a gne au	lamb
ga gn er	to win/earn
oi gn on	onion



habiter	to live
vieux	old
ma région	my region
le musée	museum
le paysage	landscape
l'église	church
beau	beautiful
à la campagne	in the countryside
à la montagne	in the mountains
la ville	town





Grammaire

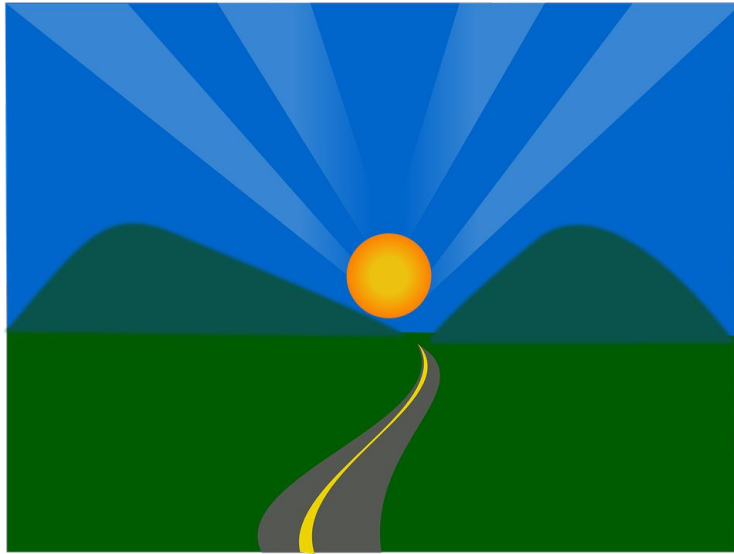
**Position and agreement
of irregular adjectives**



beau - beautiful (irregular adjective)

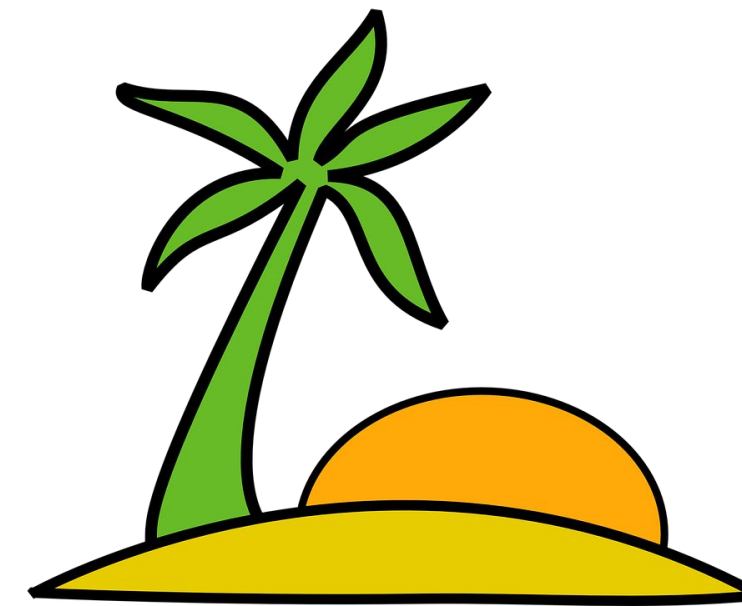
Adjectives need to agree with the noun they describe

beau = beautiful



Refers to masculine nouns

belle = beautiful



Refers to feminine nouns



beau - beautiful (irregular adjective)

Adjectives need to agree with the noun they describe

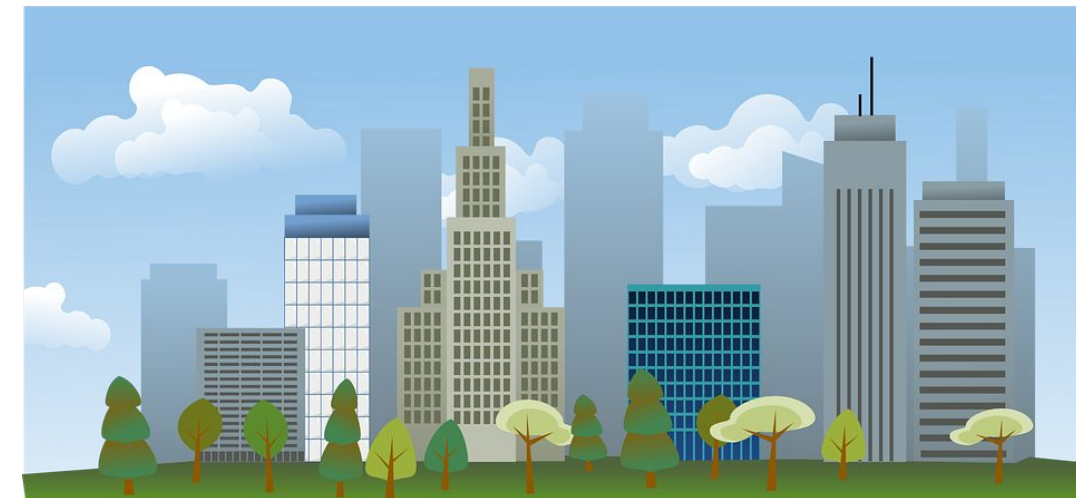
Use **beau** before a noun when describing something:

J'habite dans un **beau** village.



I live in a *beautiful* village.

J'habite dans une **belle** ville.



I live in a *beautiful* town.



beau - beautiful (irregular adjective)

Adjectives need to agree with the noun they describe

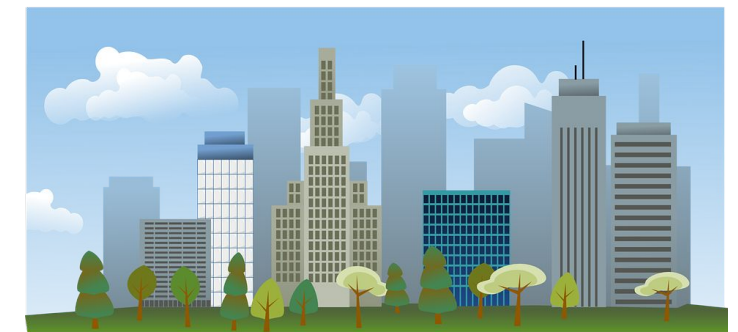
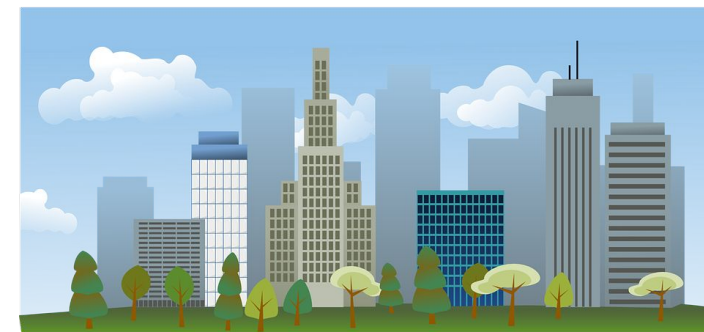
Here are the plural forms:

Dans ma région, il y a deux
beaux villages.



In my region there are two beautiful villages.

Dans ma région, il y a deux
belles villes.



In my region there are two beautiful towns.



vieux - old (irregular adjective)

Adjectives need to agree with the noun they describe

vieux = old



Refers to masculine objects

vieille = old



Refers to feminine objects



vieux - old (irregular adjective)

Adjectives need to agree with the noun they describe

Use **vieux** before a noun when describing something:

J'habite dans un **vieux** chalet.



I live in an *old* cabin/chalet.

J'habite dans une **vieille** maison.



I live in an *old* house.



vieux - old (irregular adjective)

Adjectives need to agree with the noun they describe

Here are the plural forms.

Dans mon village, Il y a deux
vieux chalets.



In my village there are two old chalets/cabins.

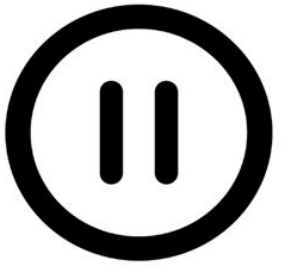
Dans mon village, il y a deux
vieilles maisons.



In my village there are two old houses.



Adjectives - DESCRIBE nouns



Masculine
Singular

grand

petit

beau

vieux

nouveau

Feminine
Singular

grande

petite

belle

vieille

nouvelle

Masculine
Plural

grands

petits

beaux

vieux

nouveaux

Feminine
Plural

grandes

petites

belles

vieilles

nouvelles

**All of these adjectives go before the noun.
E.g. Dans ma ville, il y a une nouvelle boulangerie.**



Describing a region



- 1. Adjectives describe** Nouns (things, objects, people)
- 2. Adjectives must** agree and be masculine or feminine
- 3. Beautiful (m. and f.) =** beau (m.)/belle (f.)
- 4. Old (m. and f.) =** vieux (m.)/vieille (f.)
- 5. My town has =** Ma ville a
- 6. My region has =** Ma région a

