



1. State whether each is true or false.

The highest common factor of,

- a) 6a and 2a is 3a
 - b) $2b^2$ and 6b is b
- c) $6y^2$ and 2y is 2y
- 2. Ella says that these two expressions cannot be factorised.

$$3a^2 + 7a$$

$$12a^2 + 3$$

Show that she is wrong.

3. Factorise.

a)
$$2a^2 + 6a$$

b)
$$2a + 6a^2$$

c)
$$5a^2 + 5a$$

d)
$$5y^2 + 10y$$

e)
$$10c^2 - 5c$$

f)
$$10c^2 - 15c$$



4. Find the missing values.

a)
$$\Box a^2 + 6 a = 3a(a + \Box)$$

b)
$$\Box$$
 a - 16a² = 8a (\Box - a)

5. If t = 3 which of these expressions will be positive?

$$t^2 - 5t$$

$$2t(1-t)$$

$$12t - 4t^2$$

6. Match the expressions that are equivalent.

$$7a + 7a^{2}$$
 $2a(-1-a)$ $7a(a + 1)$

-2a(-a + 2)

 $-2a^{2}-2a$



Answers



1. State whether each is true or false.

The highest common factor of,

- a) 6a and 2a is 3a F
- b) $2b^2$ and 6b is 6
- c) $6y^2$ and 2y is 2y T
- 2. Ella says that these two expressions cannot be factorised.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
3a^2 + 7a & 12a^2 + 3 \\
\hline
 a(3a + 7) & 3(4a^2 + 1)
\end{array}$$

Show she is wrong.

3. Factorise.

a)
$$2a^2 + 6a$$
 b) 2
= $2a(a + 3)$

b)
$$2a + 6a^2$$

= $2a(1 + 3a)$

c)
$$5a^2 + 5a$$
 d) $5y^2 + 10y$
= $5a(a + 1)$ = $5y(y)$

d)
$$5y^2 + 10y$$

= $5y(y + 2)$

e)
$$10c^2 - 5c$$
 f) $10c^2 - 15c$
= $5c(2c - 1)$ = $5c(2c - 1)$

f)
$$10c^2 - 15c$$

= $5c(2c - 3)$

$$= 5a(3-2a)$$

g)
$$15a - 10a^2$$
 h) $- 25a + 10a^2$ = $5a(3-2a)$ = $5a(-5+2a)$



4. Find the missing values:

a)
$$3a^2 + 6a = 3a(a + 2)$$

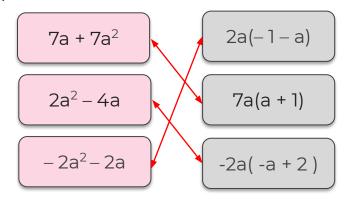
b)
$$8a - 16a^2 = 8a (1 - 2a)$$

5. If t = 3 which of these expressions will be negative?

$$t^2 - 5t$$
 = -6 $\left(2t(1-t)\right)$ = -12

$$2t(6-2t)$$
 = 0 $\left[12t-4t^2 \right] = 0$

6. Match the expressions that are equivalent.



- 7. Show the expression 3a(4a + 2) has not been fully factorised? 6a(2a + 1)
- 8. Divide 5(4a + 7) by five a(4a + 7)

