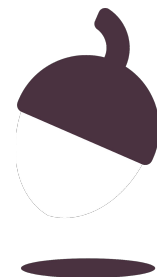


French

Saying what you do and did on holiday [2/4]

- The perfect tense

Mademoiselle Franklin



OAK
NATIONAL
ACADEMY



[é]



écrire

[-er]
[-et]





[é / er / et]

bébé



et



aller





[SFC]

danX



Shhhhh!





[SFC]

c r f l

Be **c a r e f u l** with these!



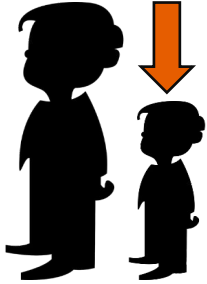


[SFC]

peti~~+~~



Shhhhhh!



mo~~+~~



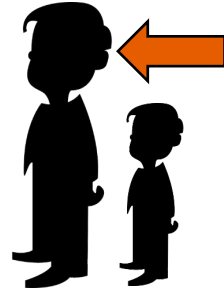
Shhhhhh!



gran~~+~~



Shhhhhh!





l'annéé dernière	last year
l'été dernier	last summer
il y a X ans / mois	X years/months ago
souvent	often
visiter les monuments	to visit the monuments
acheter des souvenirs	to buy souvenirs
jouer au beach-volley	to play beach volleyball
manger des escargots	to eat snails
prendre des photos	to take photos
rendre visite à ma famille	to visit my family
faire de la voile	to do sailing
boire un Orangina	to drink an Orangina





The perfect tense:



1. An action which has been completed in the past
2. It has two meanings in English: 'I visited' and 'I have visited'
3. We must include the auxiliary verb 'have' in between the pronoun and past participle

J'	ai	visit�� (visited - a place)
(I)	(have)	achet�� (bought)
		jou�� (played)
		mang�� (ate/eaten)
On	a	rendu visite �� (visited - a person)
(We)	(have)	fait (did)
		bu (drank)
		pris (took)



Irregular Past Participles



There are a number of irregular verbs with irregular past participles. We have to learn these off by heart!

Infinitive	Meaning	Past Participle
faire	To do	fait
boire	To drink	bu
prendre	To take	pris
voir	To see	vu





Saying what you do and did on holiday

1. In French, the past tense has 3 parts
2. We must not forget to include the word 'have'
3. To form a past participle with ER verbs, we remove the ER and add é **pronou**
4. 'J'ai visité' has two meanings = I visited + I have visited
5. 'On a visité' has two meanings = We visited + we have visited
6. The irregular past participle of 'faire' = fait

