

Mathematics

# Distributive Property

Mrs Buckmire



## Try this

How do you calculate

$$23 \times 42?$$

Why does your method work?



# Independent task

Match the equivalent expressions.

$(x + 24)(x + 1)$

$(x + 6)(x + 4)$

$(x + 12)(x + 2)$

$(x + 8)(x + 3)$

$x^2 + 11x + 24$

$x^2 + 25x + 24$

$x^2 + 10x + 24$

$x^2 + 14x + 24$






$$(x + a)(x + b)$$

What patterns can you spot?

Can you generalise these patterns?

$a$  increases in this direction

		$(x + 1)(x + 1)$ =		
	$x(x + 2)$ =	$(x + 1)(x + 2)$ =	$(x + 2)(x + 2)$ =	
$(x - 1)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 2x - 3$	$x(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 3x$	$(x + 1)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 4x + 3$	$(x + 2)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 5x + 6$	$(x + 3)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 6x + 9$
	$x(x + 4)$ =	$(x + 1)(x + 4)$ =	$(x + 2)(x + 4)$ =	
		$(x + 1)(x + 5)$ =		

*b increases in this direction*



Explore

$a$  increases in this direction

$$(x + a)(x + b)$$

$b$  increases in this direction

		$(x + 1)(x + 1)$ =		
	$x(x + 2)$ =	$(x + 1)(x + 2)$ =	$(x + 2)(x + 2)$ =	
$(x - 1)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 2x - 3$	$x(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 3x$	$(x + 1)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 4x + 3$	$(x + 2)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 5x + 6$	$(x + 3)(x + 3)$ = $x^2 + 6x + 9$
	$x(x + 4)$ =	$(x + 1)(x + 4)$ =	$(x + 2)(x + 4)$ =	
		$(x + 1)(x + 5)$ =		

