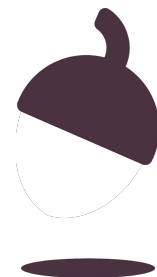


French

Problems facing the world [2 / 2]

- Developing lexical fields

Madame Williams



OAK
NATIONAL
ACADEMY



[an / en]



enfant

[in / ain]



train



le changement climatique	climate change
le manque d'eau potable	lack of drinking water
la disparition des espèces	disappearance of species
la sécheresse	drought
les inondations (f)	floods
l'incendie (m)	fire
la marée noire	oil spill
le tremblement de terre	earthquake
détruire	to destroy
se préoccuper (de)	to worry oneself (about)

11
5
4
3
2
1

Je me préoccupe
(de) = I worry myself
(about)



Les raisons

la pollution
les émissions
l'atmosphère
le dioxyde de carbone
le gaz à effet de serre
l'effet de serre
le déboisement

Le temps

le climat
la température
augmenter
été
hiver
chaud
froid

Le changement climatique

Les verbes

réduire - to reduce
disparaître - to disappear
polluer - to pollute
réchauffer - to heat up

L'impact

les inondations
la sécheresse
les incendies
la disparition des espèces
la fonte des glaciers
les tempêtes
les typhons
les ouragans



The relationship between verbs and nouns



Understanding the **relationship** between a **verb** and a **noun** can help you to **broaden your vocabulary** without learning more words!

Often, the **ER, IR, RE** is removed from the infinitive and replaced with the suffix **'tion'** or **'ement'**

Verbs

polluer = to pollute

changer = to change

Nouns

la pollution = pollution

le changement = change





Problems facing the world 2

1. Environment = L'environnement
2. Climate change = Le changement climatique
3. A semantic field is A group of words which share a similar theme or concept.
4. Which two suffixes often turn verbs into nouns? 'tion' and 'ment'
5. Polluer = to pollute Pollution = La pollution

