Spanish

Describe a Special Day [1/3]

- How to use the preterite tense with reflexive verbs

Señor Malhi



alto



agosto

Casa

nada [nothing]

amar [to love]

cama



despertarse
ducharse
peinarse
afeitarse
vestirse
lavarse



Using verbs reflexively

Most verbs can be used reflexively. The reflexive use of an infinitive verb is indicated by the -**se** at the end: e.g. **lavar** (to wash); **lavar**se (to wash oneself).

Use the reflexive pronoun **me** to mean you do an action to yourself:

Hablo

I speak

Me hablo

I speak to myself

Put **me** in front of the verb. This is the same for all tenses:

Hablé

I spoke

Me hablé

I spoke to myself



Using verbs reflexively in the preterite

In the past (preterite) also ouse *me* in front of the verb.

Use the 'I' endings for the preterite: -ar verbs → stem+ é, -er/-ir verbs → stem+ í

Don't forget your accents on your verb endings!

I woke up.

Me despert**é**

I got dressed.

Me vestí

We often leave out '(to) myself' in English. Ask 'Is this something I do to or for myself?' to check if you need to use the reflexive pronoun 'me' in Spanish.



Translation Practice

Copy the sentences below and translate them into English.

- 1. Ayer me desperté a las ocho de la mañana.
- 2. La semana pasada me duché temprano.
- 3. El diciembre pasado me vestí con ropa roja.
- 4. El mes pasado me afeité en el cuarto de baño.
- 5. El sábado pasado me peiné para ir a la catedral.



Respuesta

- 1. Yesterday I woke up at 8 in the morning.
- 2. Last week I showered early.
- 3. Last December I got dressed in red clothes.
- 4. Last month I shaved in the bathroom.
- 5. Last Saturday I brushed my hair to go to the cathedral.



Using Reflexive Verbs in the Preterite Tense

- 1. "Vestirse" means ' to get oneself dressed
- 2. "Lavarse" means "____to wash oneself__"
- 3. When conjugating reflexive verbs, put "se" at the front
- 4. "Me desperté" is :

 I woke up
- 5. 'Me afeité' is: I shaved

