## Lesson 14 - Revision 2

Physics-KS3

Forces and Motion

Mrs Wolstenholme

## What is pressure?

Pressure is related to how spread out a
$\qquad$ is
over an
$\qquad$ .
Larger Area:

$\qquad$
pressureLarger Force:
$\qquad$ pressure
Smaller Area:
$\qquad$ pressure
Smaller Force: $\qquad$ pressure

## Why do polar bears have such large feet?

The polar bears have large feet with a large area. This means the pressure is low. Which means they won't fall through the ice.

# Why we hammer the sharp end of the nail into the wall? 

The sharp end has a ____ area.
This means the pressure is
$\ldots$ ___ which means it is easier to
push into the wall.

## Calculating Pressure or Force

| Pressure | $=$ | Force $\div$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(\mathbf{P a})$ |  | Area |
| $\left(\mathbf{N} / \mathbf{c m}^{2}\right)$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\left(\mathbf{m}^{2}\right)$ |
| $\left(\mathbf{c m}^{2}\right)$ |  |  |

# If the unit of area is given as $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ what is the unit of pressure? 

Option 1
$\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$

## Option 3

Kilogram (kg)

Option 2
$\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$

## Option 4

Pa

# If the unit of area is given as $\mathbf{m}^{2}$ what is the unit of pressure? 

Option 1
$\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$

## Option 3

Kilogram (kg)

## Option 2

$\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$

## Option 4

Pa

$$
\text { Pressure } \quad=\text { Force } \div \text { Area }
$$

|  | The surface area of an object is $\mathbf{1 . 2} \mathrm{m}^{2}$. A force of $\mathbf{4 8 0 N}$ <br> is applied to it. What is the pressure? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Values | Force = 480 N. Area= $\mathbf{1 . 2} \mathbf{~ m}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| Equation | Pressure = Force $\div$ Area |
| Substitute | Pressure = 480 $\div \mathbf{1 . 2}$ |
| Rearrange | Not needed for this question |
| Answer | Pressure = 400 |
| Units | $\mathbf{P a}$ |

## 400 Pa

$$
\text { Pressure } \quad=\text { Force } \div \text { Area }
$$

|  | The surface area of an object is $1.1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. A force of 5.5 N <br> is applied to it. What is the pressure? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Values |  |
| Equation |  |
| Substitute |  |
| Rearrange | Not needed for this question |
| Answer |  |
| Units |  |

$$
\text { Pressure } \quad=\text { Force } \div \text { Area }
$$

|  | If the pressure on an object is 40 Pa and the surface area is $\mathbf{8} \mathbf{m}^{\mathbf{2}}$, what is the force being applied? |
| :---: | :---: |
| Values | Pressure $=\mathbf{4 0} \mathbf{P a}$. Area $=\mathbf{8} \mathbf{m}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| Equation | Pressure $=$ Force $\div$ Area |
| Substitute | 40 F Force $\div 8$ |
| Rearrange | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \times 8=\text { Force } \div \mathbf{8 \times 8} \\ & 40 \times 8=\text { Force } \end{aligned}$ |
| Answer | 320 = Force |
| Units | N |

## What is the next step?

1. $3=$ Force $\div 5$
2. $6=$ Force $\div 9$
3. $1.2=$ Force $\div 3.4$
4. $7=$ Force $\div 10$
5. $6.5=$ Force $\div 3$

$$
\text { Pressure } \quad=\text { Force } \div \text { Area }
$$

|  | If the pressure on an object is 3.5 Pa and the surface <br> area is $4 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, what is the force being applied? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Values |  |
| Equation |  |
| Substitute |  |
| Rearrange |  |
| Answer |  |
| Units |  |

## Independent Practice

## Values

## Equation

Substitute
Rearrange

Answer
Units

1. What is the pressure of a force of 100 N exerted on a surface area of $10 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ ?
2. What is the pressure of a force of 25000 N exerted on a surface area of $50 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ ?
3. The surface area of an object is $0.08 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. Its weight is 120 N . What is the pressure?
4. If the pressure on an object is 4 Pa and the surface area is $2 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, what is the force being applied?
5. The surface area of an object is $0.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. The pressure is 20 Pa . What force is being applied?
6. An object applies a force of 60 N to a surface area of $15 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. What is the pressure?

## Calculating Speed

| Speed | $=$ distance $\div$ | time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(\mathbf{m} / \mathbf{s})$ | $(\mathbf{m})$ | $(\mathbf{s})$ |
| $(\mathbf{m i l e} / \mathbf{h})$ | $(\mathbf{m i l e})$ | $(\mathbf{h})$ |
| $(\mathbf{k m} / \mathbf{h})$ | $(\mathbf{k m})$ | $(\mathbf{h})$ |

Speed $=$ distance $\div$ time

|  | An object travels 90 m in 20s. What is its speed? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Values | distance $=\mathbf{9 0} \mathbf{m}$. time $=\mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{s}$ |
| Equation | Speed $=$ distance $\div$ time |
| Substitute | Speed $=\mathbf{9 0} \div \mathbf{2 0}$ |
| Rearrange | Not required for this question |
| Answer | Speed $=\mathbf{4 . 5}$ |
| Units | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## $4.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

Speed $=$ distance $\div$ time

If an object travels for 350 s and travels 7000 m , what is its speed?

Values
Equation
Substitute
Rearrange Not required for this question

Answer
Units

Speed $=$ distance $\div$ time

|  | If an object travels for 0.08 s at a speed of $62 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ how <br> far has it travelled? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Values | speed $=\mathbf{6 2} \mathbf{~ m} / \mathrm{s}$. time $=\mathbf{0 . 0 8} \mathrm{s}$ |
| Equation | Speed $=$ distance $\div$ time |
| Substitute | $\mathbf{6 2 = \text { distance } \div \mathbf { 0 . 0 8 }}$ |
| Rearrange | $\mathbf{6 2 \times 0 . 0 8 = \text { distance } \div \mathbf { 0 . 0 8 \times 0 . 0 8 }}$$\mathbf{6 2 \times 0 . 0 8}=$ distance |
| Answer | $4.96=$ distance |
| Units | m |

Speed $=$ distance $\div$ time

|  | An object travels at a speed of $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ for 170 s . How far <br> has it travelled in m ? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Values |  |
| Equation |  |
| Substitute |  |
| Rearrange |  |
| Answer |  |
| Units |  |

## Independent Practice

Values

1. In 180 s , an object travels 720 m . What is its speed?

Equation
Substitute Rearrange
5. An object travels at a speed of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ for 60 s . How far has it travelled in m ?

Answer

## Units

2. In a journey lasting 630 s , a car travels 5355 m . What was its speed?
3. An object travels 9100 m in 350 s . What is its speed?
4. What is the distance travelled by an object travelling at $70 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ for 200 s ? 6. If an object travels for 3400 s at a speed of $12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ how far has it travelled?


Time (h)




Section B 0 km/h

Time (h)



Calculate the speed of sections: A, B and C.


Calculate the speed of sections: A, B and C.
Time (h)

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