

Maths

# Complete the Square ( $a = 1$ )

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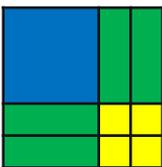
**Please note some slides do have colour images on them**



# Complete the square ( $a = 1$ )

1. The algebra tiles show

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = (x + 2)^2$$



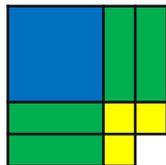
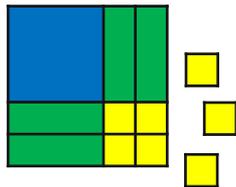
Use this to write each of the

expressions in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$

where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 + 4x + 7$

b)  $x^2 + 4x + 3$



2. Write each of the following in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 + 6x + 11$

b)  $x^2 + 10x - 1$

c)  $x^2 + 20x + 76$



## Complete the square ( $a = 1$ )

3. Write each of the following in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 - 16x + 72$

b)  $x^2 - 40x + 350$

c)  $x^2 - 12x + 76$

4. Write each of the following in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + 1$

b)  $x^2 - \frac{2}{5}x - 1$

5.  $x^2 + 4px - 7p$  can be written in the form  $(x + a)^2 - b$ . Write an expression for  $a$  and  $b$  in terms of  $p$ .



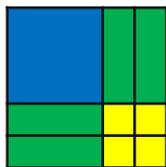
# Answers



# Complete the square ( $a = 1$ )

1. The algebra tiles show

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = (x + 2)^2$$

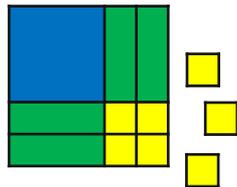


Use this to write each of the

expressions in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$

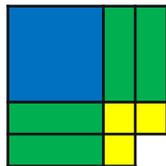
where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 + 4x + 7$



$$(x + 2)^2 + 3$$

b)  $x^2 + 4x + 3$



$$(x + 2)^2 - 1$$

2. Write each of the following in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 + 6x + 11$        $(x + 3)^2 + 2$

b)  $x^2 + 10x - 1$        $(x + 5)^2 - 26$

c)  $x^2 + 20x + 76$        $(x + 10)^2 - 24$



## Complete the square ( $a = 1$ )

3. Write each of the following in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 - 16x + 72$        $(x - 8)^2 + 8$

b)  $x^2 - 40x + 350$        $(x - 20)^2 - 50$

c)  $x^2 - 12x + 76$        $(x - 6)^2 + 40$

4. Write each of the following in the form  $(x + a)^2 + b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

a)  $x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + 1$       b)  $x^2 - \frac{2}{5}x - 1$   
 $(x - \frac{1}{4})^2 + \frac{15}{16}$        $(x - \frac{1}{5})^2 - \frac{26}{25}$

5.  $x^2 + 4px - 7p$  can be written in the form  $(x + a)^2 - b$ . Write an expression for  $a$  and  $b$  in terms of  $p$ .

$a = 2p, b = 4p^2 - 7p$

